

# CONVEY-ALL<sup>®</sup>

**1640 • 1650 • 1658**

TRUCK LOAD CONVEYOR  
with Self-Propulsion  
includes Oilseed Series



**OPERATOR'S MANUAL**



**PRODUCT REGISTRATION FORM  
and INSPECTION REPORT**

**CONVEY-ALL®**

The Dealer must fill out this form, and be signed by both the Dealer and Buyer at the time of delivery. Scan or photograph the completed form (must be legible), and email it to: register@convey-all.com A copy of this form may also be mailed to: Box 760, 275 Hespler Ave, Winkler Manitoba R6W 4A8.

Buyer's Name _____	Dealer's Name _____
Address _____	Address _____
City _____	City _____
Province/State _____	Province/State _____
Postal/Zip Code _____	Postal/Zip Code _____
Country _____	Country _____
Phone Number _____	Phone Number _____
Model Number _____	Serial Number _____
Delivery Date _____	General Purpose: <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial

**UNIT INSPECTION**

- All Fasteners Tight
- Engine/Hydraulic Fluid Levels Checked
- Hydraulic Hoses Good, Fittings Tight
- Machine and All Bearings Lubricated
- Conveyor Belt Aligned and Tensioned
- Conveyor Belt Moves Freely
- Conveyor Tube Raises and Lowers Smoothly
- Unit Steers and Drives Smoothly
- Tire Pressure Checked

**SAFETY INSPECTION**

- All Guards/Shields Installed and Secured
- All Safety Decals Clear and Legible
- Reflectors, Slow Moving Vehicle Sign are Clean
- All Lights are Clean and Working
- Safety Chain on Hitch
- Reviewed Operating and Safety Instructions

I have thoroughly instructed the buyer on the above described equipment. The review included the content of the Operator's Manual, equipment care, adjustments, safe operation and warranty policy.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Dealer's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

The above equipment and Operator's Manual have been received by me. I have been thoroughly instructed as to care, adjustments, safe operation and applicable warranty policy.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Buyer's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

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## Section 1: INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing a Convey-All® truck load conveyor.

Convey-All® products are built by Meridian Manufacturing Inc. The equipment we design and manufacture meet the exacting standards of the agriculture industry.

Keep this manual for future reference. Call your dealer, distributor or Meridian if you need assistance, information, additional/replacement copies, or a digital copy of this document.

Information provided herein is of a descriptive nature. Meridian Manufacturing Inc. reserves the right to modify the machinery design and specifications without any preliminary notice.

Performance quality may depend on the product being handled, weather conditions and other factors.

### 1.1 OPERATOR ORIENTATION

The directions; left, right, front and rear, as mentioned throughout this manual, are as seen from the tow vehicle driver's seat, facing the direction of travel. The hopper is the front of the conveyor.

### 1.2 SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION

Always give your dealer the serial number when ordering parts, requesting service or asking for other information. The conveyor's serial number is located on the drive box

Use the space provided for easy reference:

Conveyor Model No: \_\_\_\_\_

Conveyor Serial No: \_\_\_\_\_

Engine Model No: \_\_\_\_\_

Engine Serial No: \_\_\_\_\_



Fig 1 - Serial Number Location

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## Section 2: SAFETY



The following signal words are used in this manual to express the degree of hazard for areas of personal safety.

When you see the symbol and/or the signal words described below, obey the accompanying message to avoid possible injury or death.



Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is limited to the most extreme situations. Typically for machine components which, for functional purposes, cannot be guarded.



Indicates a hazardous situation, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. This word identifies hazards that are exposed when guards are removed. It may be used to alert against unsafe practices.



Indicates a hazardous situation, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. It may be used to alert against unsafe practices.



Indicates practices or situations which may result in the malfunction of, or damage to equipment.



Safety instructions (or equivalent) signs indicate specific safety-related instructions or procedures.

## 2.1 SAFETY ORIENTATION

YOU are responsible for the SAFE operation and maintenance of your Convey-All® truck load conveyor. Be sure that everyone who will operate, maintain or work around it, is familiar with the safety, operating and maintenance procedures.

This manual will take you step-by-step through your working day. It will alert you to all the safe practices that should be adhered to while operating the conveyor.

Remember, you are the key to safety. Good safety practices not only protect you but also the people around you. Make these practices a regular part of your safety program. Be certain that everyone who will work with this equipment follows these procedures.

Most accidents can be prevented. Do not risk injury or death by ignoring good safety practices.

- Conveyor owners must give operating instructions to operators or employees before allowing them to operate the machine.
  - Procedures must be reviewed annually thereafter, as per OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) regulation 1928.57.
  - The operator must be responsible, properly trained and physically able. You should be familiar with farm machinery in general.
- Think SAFETY! Work SAFELY!

## 2.2 GENERAL SAFETY

- Read and understand the Operator's Manual and all safety decals before operating, maintaining, adjusting or unplugging the conveyor. 
- Only trained, competent persons shall operate the conveyor. An untrained person is not qualified to operate the machine.
- Have a first-aid kit available for use should the need arise. 
- Provide a fire extinguisher for use in case of an accident. Store in a highly visible place. 
- Do not allow riders.
- Do not allow children, spectators or bystanders within hazard area around the machine.
- Wear personal protective equipment (PPE). This list may include but is not limited to:
  - Hard hat 
  - Protective shoes with slip resistant soles 
  - Eye protection 
  - Work gloves 
  - Hearing protection 
  - Respirator or filter mask 
  - Hi-Visibility safety vest 
- Never use alcoholic beverages or drugs which can hinder alertness or coordination while operating this equipment.
  - Consult your doctor about operating this machine while taking prescription medications.
- If the elderly are assisting with farm work, their physical limitations need to be recognized and accommodated.
- Review safety related items annually with all personnel who will be operating or maintaining the conveyor.

## 2.3 EQUIPMENT SAFETY GUIDELINES

Safety of the operator and bystanders is one of the main concerns when designing and developing this conveyor. However, every year many accidents occur which could have been avoided by a few seconds of thought, and a more careful approach to handling equipment.

- In order to provide a better view, certain images in this manual may show an assembly with safety guards removed.
  - Equipment should never be operated in this condition. All guards must be in place. If removal becomes necessary for repairs, replace the guard prior to use.
- This equipment is dangerous to children and persons unfamiliar with its operation.
- Never exceed the limits of a piece of machinery. If its ability to do a job, or to do so safely, is in question - DO NOT TRY IT.
- Do not modify the equipment in any way. Unauthorized modification result in serious injury or death and may impair the function and life of the equipment.
- The design and configuration of this conveyor includes safety decals and equipment. They need to be clean, readable and in good condition.



## 2.4 SAFETY DECALS

- Keep safety decals clean and legible at all times.
- Replace safety decals that are missing or have become illegible.
- Replaced parts must display the same decal(s) as the original parts.
- All safety decals have a part number in the lower right hand corner. Use this part number when ordering replacements.
- Safety decals are available from your authorized distributor, dealer's parts department or from Meridian Manufacturing Inc.

### 2.4.1 Applying Decals:

1. Be sure the application area is clean and dry. Ensure the surrounding temperature is above 10°C (50°F).
  - a. Remove all dirt, grease, wax from surface.
  - b. Clean the area with a non-ammonia based cleaner.
  - c. Wipe the clean surface with isopropyl alcohol on paper towel, and allow to dry.
2. Determine the exact position before you remove the backing paper.
3. Peel a small portion of the split backing paper.
4. Align the decal over the specified area. Use a squeegee to carefully press the small portion, with the exposed adhesive backing, into place.
5. Slowly peel back the remaining paper and carefully smooth the rest of the decal into place.
6. Small air pockets can be pierced with a pin and smoothed out using the squeegee, or a piece of sign backing paper.

## 2.5 DECAL LOCATION

The following illustration shows the general location of decals on this conveyor. The position of decals may vary depending on the machine's options. Decals are not shown at actual size.

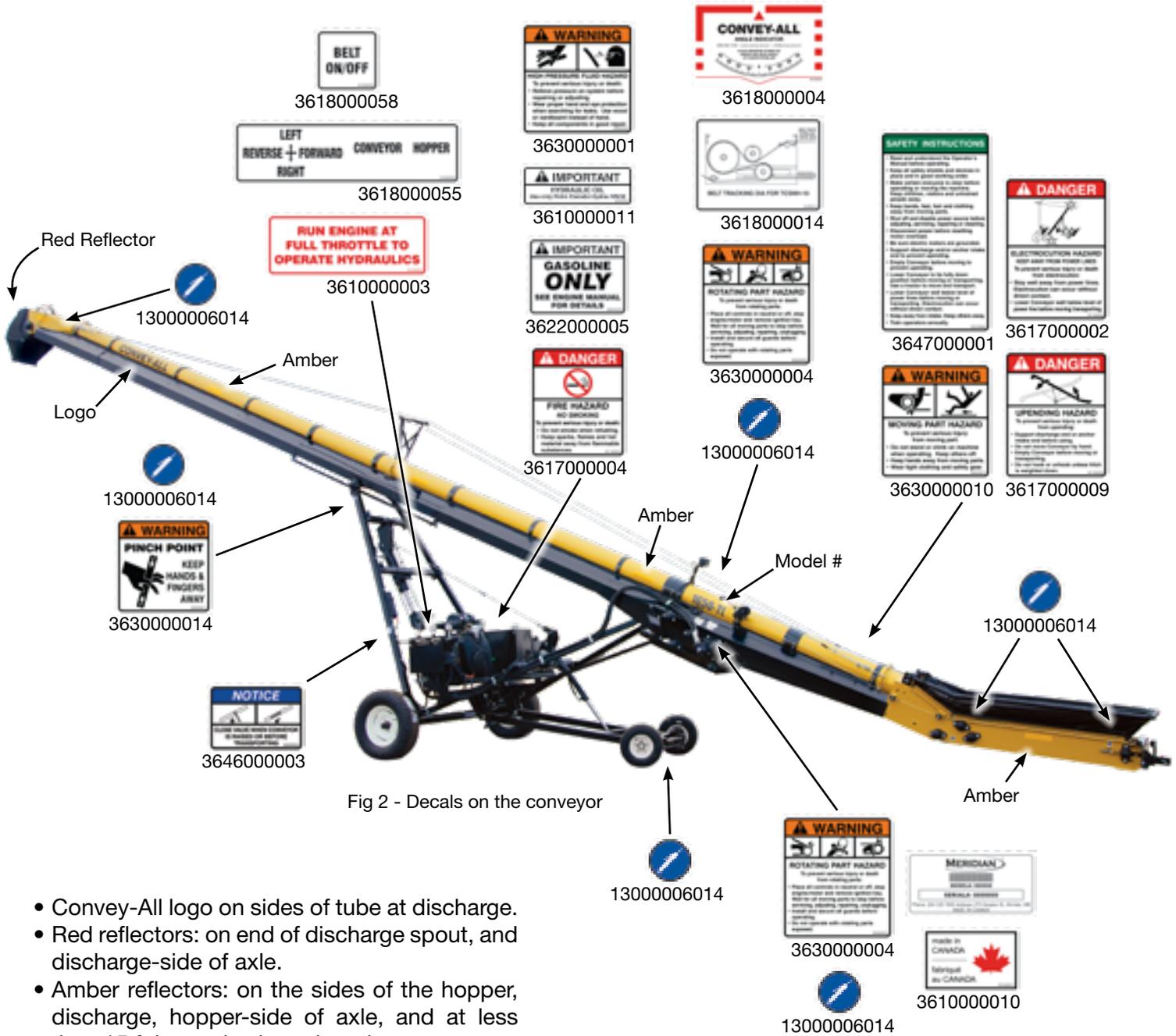


Fig 2 - Decals on the conveyor

- Convey-All logo on sides of tube at discharge.
- Red reflectors: on end of discharge spout, and discharge-side of axle.
- Amber reflectors: on the sides of the hopper, discharge, hopper-side of axle, and at less than 15 ft intervals along the tube.

**REMEMBER** - If safety decals have been damaged, removed, become illegible, or parts were replaced without signage, new ones must be applied. New decals are available from your authorized dealer.

## 2.6 WORK PREPARATION

- Never operate the conveyor and its engine until you have read this manual, and understand the information.
- Be familiar with the safety messages found on the decals around this unit.

- Personal protective equipment (PPE) include:

- Hard hat
- Eye protection
- Protective shoes
- Work gloves



They are recommended during installation, placement, operation, maintenance and removal of the equipment.

- Do not allow long hair, loose fitting clothing or jewelry to be around equipment.
- **PROLONGED EXPOSURE TO LOUD NOISE MAY CAUSE PERMANENT HEARING LOSS!**

Agricultural equipment can often be noisy enough to cause permanent, partial hearing loss. We recommend that you wear hearing protection on a full-time basis if the noise in the Operator's position exceeds 80 db.



Noise over 85 db on a long-term basis can cause severe hearing loss.

Noise over 90 db adjacent to the operator over a long-term basis may cause permanent, total hearing loss.

### **Note:**

Hearing loss from loud noise (tractors, chain saws, radios, etc.) is cumulative over a lifetime without hope of natural recovery.

- Clear working area of stones, branches or hidden obstacles that might be hooked or snagged, causing injury or damage.
- Operate only in daylight or good artificial light.
- Be sure machine is in a stable position, is adjusted and in good operating condition.
- Ensure that all safety guards and safety decals are properly installed and in good condition.
- Before starting, inspect the unit for any loose bolts, worn parts, cracks, leaks or frayed belts. Make the necessary repairs.
  - Always follow the maintenance instructions.

## 2.7 PLACEMENT SAFETY

- Stay away from overhead power lines when operating or moving the conveyor. Electrocutation can occur without direct contact.
- Keep conveyor as low as possible.
- Chock conveyor wheels before operating.
- Position conveyor providing enough space for trucks to load or unload.
- Operate conveyor on level ground, free of debris.

## 2.8 LOCK-OUT TAG-OUT SAFETY

- Establish a formal Lock-Out Tag-Out program for your operation.
- Train all operators and service personnel before allowing them to work around the area.
- Provide tags on the machine and a sign-up sheet to record tag-out details.

## 2.9 MAINTENANCE SAFETY

- Review Section 4: Service and Maintenance, before maintaining or operating the conveyor.
- Follow good shop practices:
  - Keep service area clean and dry.
  - Be sure electrical outlets and tools are properly grounded.
  - Use adequate light for the job.
- Place all controls in neutral or off. Stop engine, and remove ignition key. Wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, repairing.
- Relieve pressure from hydraulic circuit before servicing.
- Before applying pressure to a hydraulic system, ensure all components are tight and that hoses and couplings are in good condition.
- Keep hands, feet, hair, and clothing away from all moving/rotating parts.
- Replace parts with genuine factory replacements parts to restore your equipment to original specifications.
  - Meridian Manufacturing Inc. will not be responsible for injuries or damages caused by using unapproved parts and/or accessories.
- Make sure there is plenty of ventilation. Never operate the engine in a closed building. The exhaust fumes may cause asphyxiation.
- Clear the area of bystanders, especially children, when carrying out any maintenance and repairs or making any adjustments.
- Place stands or blocks under the frame before working beneath the machine.
- Before resuming work, install and secure all guards when maintenance work is completed.
- Replace damaged or not clearly visible decals.



## 2.10 TIRE SAFETY

- Failure to follow procedure when mounting a tire on a wheel or rim can produce an explosion and may result in serious injury or death.
- Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have proper equipment and training to do the job.
- Have a qualified tire dealer or repair service perform required tire maintenance.
- When replacing worn tires, make sure they meet original tire specifications. Never undersize.
- Reference the tire side wall for information on the maximum cold tire pressure (PSI). Keep the tires inflated to this setting.



## 2.11 BATTERY SAFETY

- Keep all sparks and flames away from battery, as the gas given off by electrolyte is explosive.
- Avoid contact with battery electrolyte. Wash off any spilled electrolyte immediately.
- Wear safety glasses when working near batteries.
- Do not tip batteries more than 45 degrees, to avoid electrolyte loss.
- To avoid injury from spark or short circuit, disconnect battery ground cable before servicing any part of electrical system.
- When storing conveyor for an extended period:
  - Remove the battery.
  - Be sure it is fully charged.
  - Store it inside.
  - Do not sit battery on a cold, concrete floor.
- Before using the battery, after it has been in storage, be sure it is charged.



**2.12 ENGINE SAFETY**

- Read and understand the operating manual provided with the engine. 
- Use proper tools to service engine.
- Do not run engine in an enclosed area. Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, an odorless and deadly poison.
- Store fuel in approved safety containers.
- Do not store fuel near open flame.
  - Appliances such as a stove, furnace, or water heater use a pilot light which can create a spark.
- No smoking when filling fuel tank. 
- Do not remove fuel cap while engine is running.
- Do not refuel indoors where area is not well ventilated. Outdoor refueling is preferred.
- Do not refuel while engine is running. Allow engine to cool for 5 minutes before proceeding.
- Use fresh fuel. Stale fuel can gum carburetor and cause leakage.
- Check fuel lines and fittings frequently for cracks or leaks. Replace if necessary.
- Do not operate engine if fuel has spilled. Move machine away. Avoid creating any ignition until the fuel has evaporated.
- Do not run engine above rated speeds. This may result in damage and injury.
- Do not tamper with the engine speed selected by the original equipment manufacturer.
- Do not operate engine with grass, leaves, dirt or other combustible materials in muffler area.
- Do not operate engine without muffler.

- Do not tamper with governor springs, governor links or other parts which may increase the governed engine speed.
- Do not strike flywheel with hard object or metal tool. This may cause it to shatter in operation.
- Keep cylinder fins/governor parts free of grass and other debris which can affect engine speed.

**⚠ WARNING****HOT EQUIPMENT HAZARD**

Do not touch muffler, cylinder or fins while engine is running. Contact will cause burns.

- Do not use this engine on any forest covered, brush covered, or grass covered unimproved land, unless a spark arrester is installed on muffler. The arrester must be maintained in effective working order by operator.

In the State of California the above is required by law (Section 4442 of the California Public Resources Code). Other states may have similar laws. Federal laws apply on federal lands.

- Inspect the muffler periodically. Replace it when necessary.
  - If engine is equipped with a muffler deflector, inspect periodically. Replace with correct part.
- Do not check for spark, or crank engine with spark plug or spark plug wire removed.
- Do not run engine with air filter or its cover removed.

**NOTICE****POSSIBLE ENGINE DAMAGE**

Decelerate engine slowly to stop. Avoid choking carburetor to stop engine. Choke only for an emergency stop.

## 2.13 OPERATING SAFETY

- Anyone who will be operating this conveyor, or working around it, must read this manual. They must know operating, maintenance, safety info. 
  - Review the manual annually.
- Clean or replace all safety decals if they cannot be clearly read and understood.
- Place all controls in neutral, and stop the engine. Remove the ignition key. Wait for all moving parts to stop before adjusting, repairing or unplugging.
- Keep all bystanders, especially children, away from the machine when running.
  - Also, when authorized personnel are carrying out maintenance work.
- Establish a Lock-Out, Tag-Out policy for the work site. Be sure all personnel are trained in and follow all procedures.
  - Lock-out, tag-out all power sources before servicing the unit or working around equipment.
- Be familiar with machine hazard area. If anyone enters hazard areas, shut down machine immediately. Clear the area before restarting.
- Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving/rotating parts. 
- Do not allow riders on the conveyor when moving or transporting it.
- Keep working area clean and free of debris to prevent slipping/tripping. 
- Stay away from overhead obstructions and power lines during operation and transporting. Electrocutation can occur without direct contact.
- Do not operate the conveyor when any guards are removed.

- Chock wheels of conveyor before starting.
- Be sure that conveyor tube is empty before raising or lowering.
- Close hydraulic lift ball valve when machine is in working position or before transporting.
- High winds may overturn conveyor. To avoid damage to structures and equipment, do not raise conveyor fully in windy conditions.
  - Do not leave conveyor raised, when not in use.

## 2.14 HYDRAULIC SAFETY

- Always place hydraulic controls in neutral. Then relieve pressure in hydraulic system before maintaining or working on machine.
- Be sure that all components in the hydraulic system are kept in good condition and are clean.
- Replace any worn, cut, abraded, flattened or crimped hoses.
- Do not attempt any makeshift repairs to the hydraulic fittings or hoses by using tape, clamps or cements. The hydraulic system operates under extremely high-pressure. Such repairs will fail suddenly and create a hazardous and unsafe condition.
- Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for a high-pressure hydraulic leak. Use a piece of wood or cardboard as backstop instead of hand to isolate/identify a leak. 
- If injured by a concentrated high-pressure stream of hydraulic fluid, seek medical attention immediately. Serious infection or toxic reaction can develop from hydraulic fluid piercing the skin surface. 

### 2.15 WORKPLACE HAZARD AREA

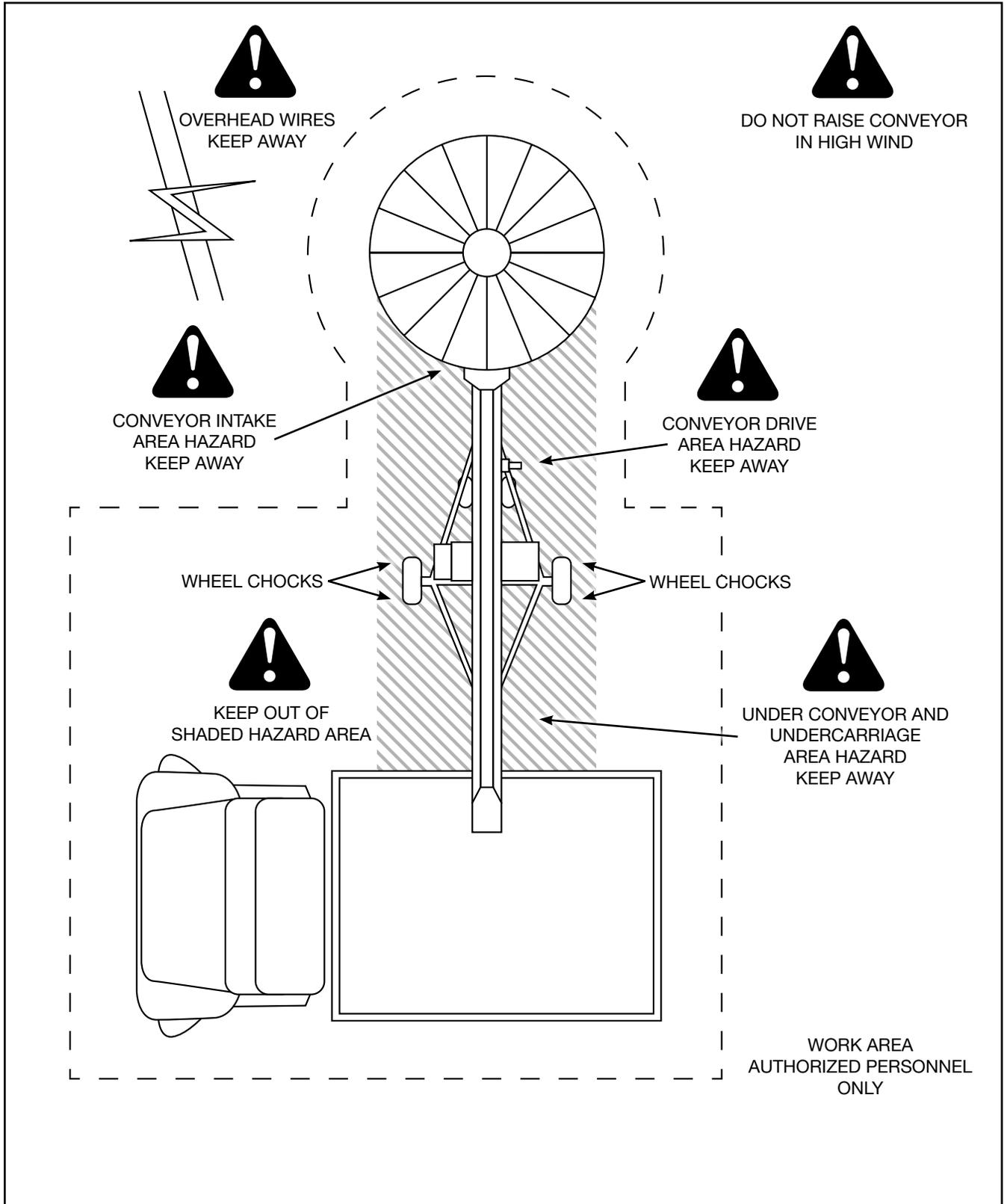


Fig 3 - Workplace Hazard Area

## 2.16 TRANSPORT SAFETY

- The conveyor belt must be empty before raising or lowering the tube.
- Always transport conveyor in collapsed position.
- Ensure all lights, reflectors, other lighting requirements are installed and in good condition.
- Never allow riders on the conveyor.
- Comply with all local laws governing safety and transporting equipment on public roads.
- Do not exceed a safe travel speed. Slow down for rough terrain and when cornering.
- Stay away from overhead power lines. Electrocutation can occur without direct contact.
- Plan your route to avoid heavy traffic.
- Do not drink and drive.
- Be a safe and courteous driver. Always yield to oncoming traffic in all situations, including narrow bridges, intersections, etc. Watch for traffic when driving near or crossing roadways.

## 2.17 STORAGE SAFETY

- Store the conveyor on a firm, level surface.
- Store in an area away from human activity.
- If required, make sure the unit is solidly blocked up.
- Remove the battery and store in dry location. Do not sit battery on a cold, concrete floor.
- Make certain all mechanical locks are safely and positively connected before storing.
- Do not permit children to play on or around the stored machinery.

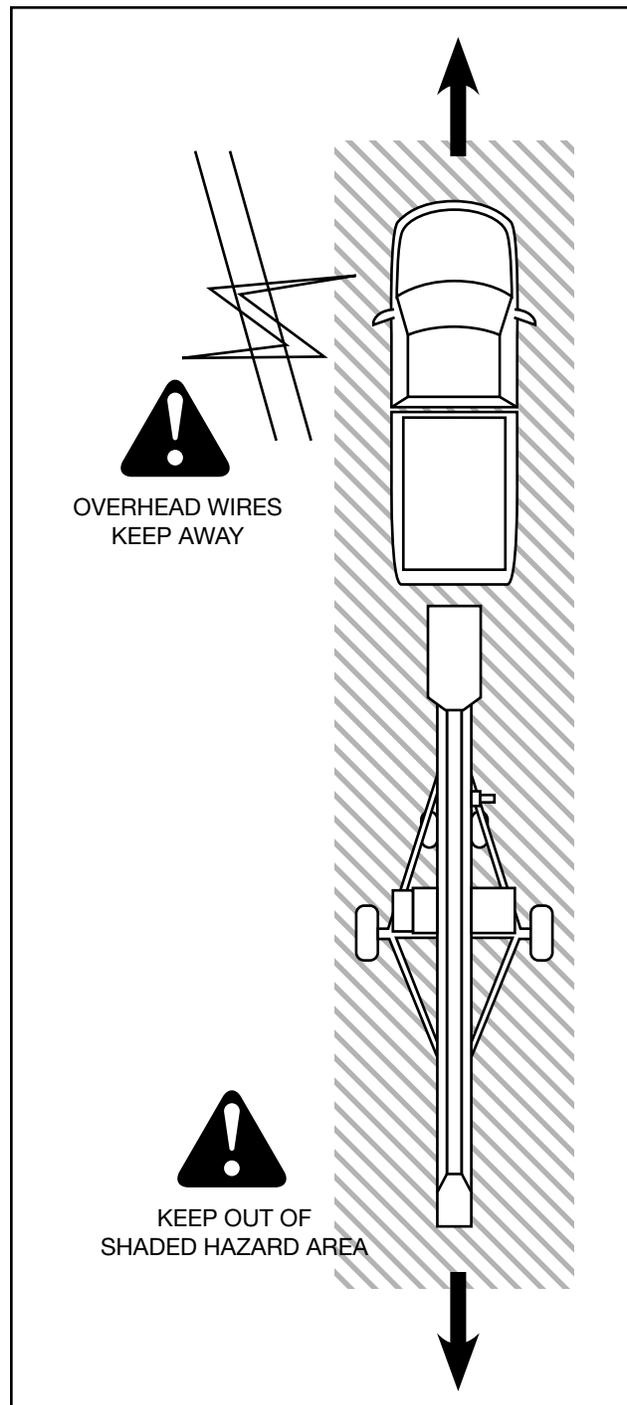


Fig 4 - Transporting Hazard Area

## Section 3: OPERATION

### **WARNING**

- Read and understand the Operator's Manual, and all safety decals, before using.
- Stop the engine. Place all controls in neutral, remove ignition key and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, or repairing or unplugging.
- Clear the area of bystanders, especially children, before starting.
- Keep working area clean and free of debris to prevent slipping or tripping.
- Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving and/or rotating parts.
- Do not allow riders on the conveyor when driving mover kit.
- Stay away from overhead obstructions and power lines during operation. Electrocutation can occur without direct contact.
- Do not operate conveyor with guards removed.
- Chock wheels of conveyor before starting.
- Be familiar with machine hazard area. If anyone enters hazard areas, shut down machine immediately. Clear area before restarting.
- Establish a lock-out, tag-out policy for the work site. Be sure all personnel are trained in and follow all procedures. Lock-out tag-out all power sources before servicing the unit.

The Convey-All® truck load conveyor has many features incorporated into it as a result of suggestions made by customers like you.

Hazard controls and accident prevention are dependent upon the personnel operating and maintaining the equipment. Their awareness, concern, prudence and proper training are crucial.

It is the responsibility of the owner and operators to read this manual and to train all personnel before they start working with the machine. By following recommended procedures, a safe working environment is provided for the operator, co-workers and bystanders in the area around the work site.

By following the operating instructions, in conjunction with a good maintenance program, your conveyor will provide many years of trouble free service.

### 3.1 MACHINE COMPONENTS

A gas or diesel engine supplies power to run the hydraulics, making this conveyor a self-contained, self-propelled unit.

A hydraulic cylinder is used to lower the steering wheels when driving the unit. Another cylinder raises and lowers the tube.

Components may vary, and their positions may change depending on the options contained on the conveyor.

The main components are listed below:

- a. Main Conveyor Tube
- b. Intake Hopper
- c. Discharge Spout
- d. Electric Actuator on Discharge
- e. Undercarriage
- f. Hopper Winch
- g. Conveyor Belt Wind Guard
- h. Drive Box with Tension Springs
- i. Controls: Engine, Electrical and Hydraulic
- j. Hydraulic Reservoir and Fuel Tank
- k. Drive Wheels
- l. Steering Wheels
- m. Working Lights
- n. Belt Scraper (Oilseed Series)
- o. Hitch
- p. Jack Mount
- q. Document Holder

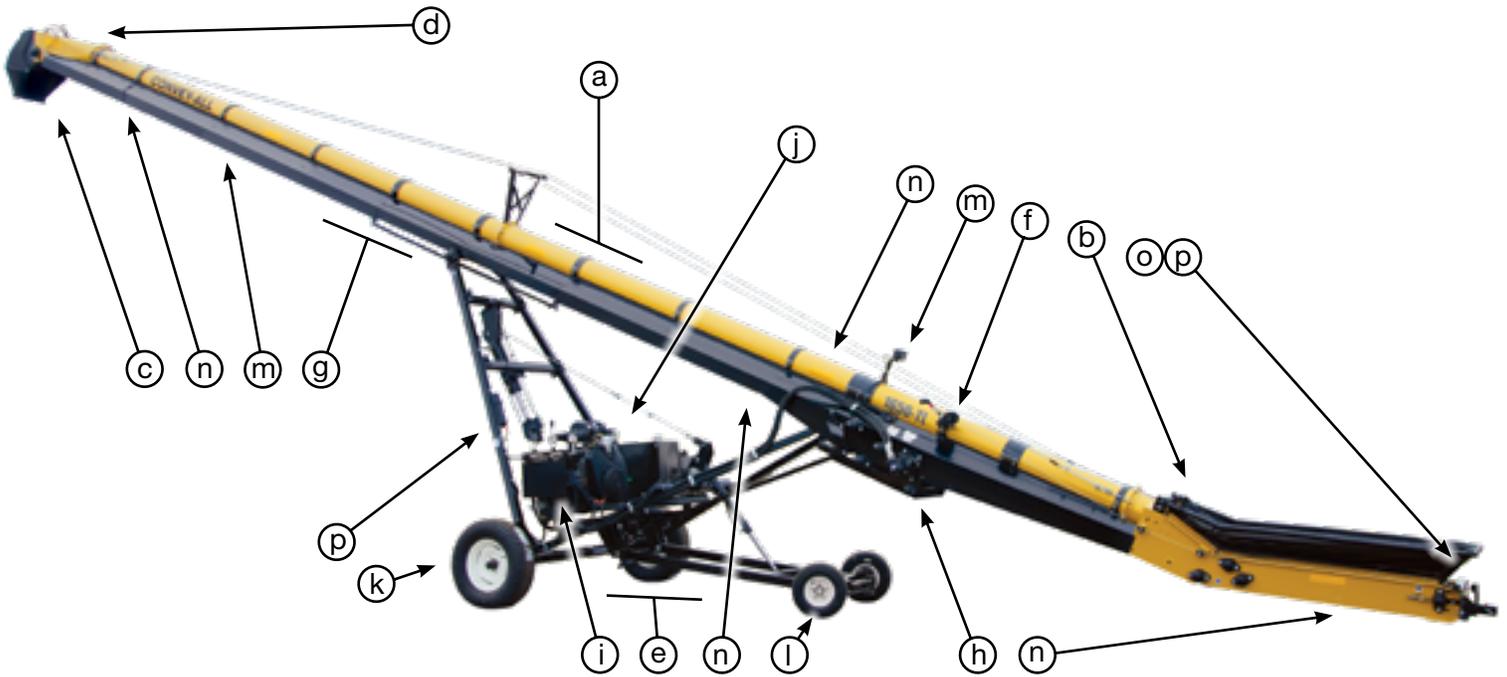


Fig 5 - Right side of conveyor

### 3.2 COMPONENTS AND CONTROLS

Before starting to work, all operators must familiarize themselves with the location and function of the components and controls of their specific unit.

Options and locations may change without notice.

Refer to the engine manufacturer's manual for more detailed information.

- Engine controls may vary depending on model.

#### Gas Engine:

- Ignition Switch:**  
Insert the key to operate.
- Choke:**  
Choke valve for starting when the engine is cold. Slide to the left to open the choke as the engine warms.
- Throttle:**  
This lever controls the engine RPM.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

Always run at maximum engine speed, which is 3600 RPM, when operating the conveyor belt.

#### **Cold Weather Pkg for Gas Engine (Optional):**

Features a muffler shroud ducted into the air intake of the engine feeding warm air to keep the carburetor from icing up.

#### **125 Watt Heater for Engine (Optional):**

This heater is attached to the bottom of the engine, and contains an electrical cord.



Fig 6 - Gas engine



Fig 7 - Engine controls



Fig 8 - Cold weather package

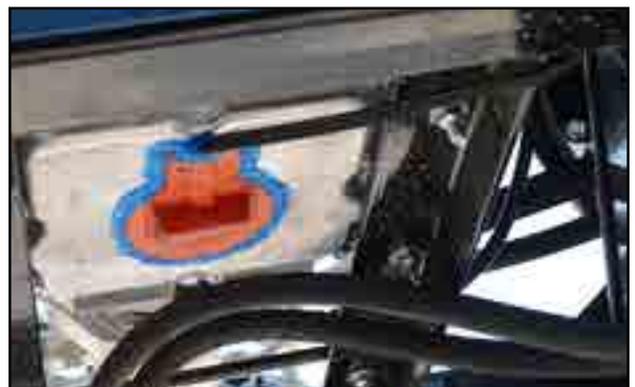


Fig 9 - 125 watt heater for engine

**Diesel Engine (Optional):**

A tier 4 rated diesel engine is offered as an option. Refer to the engine manufacturer's manual for detailed information.

Engine and controls may change without notice.

**IMPORTANT:**

Always run at maximum engine speed when operating the conveyor belt.



Fig 10 - Tier 4 diesel engine



Fig 11 - Diesel engine control box

**Fuel Tank:**

The tank has a capacity of 57 Litres (15 US Gal).

**Hydraulic Oil Reservoir:**

The reservoir holds 95 Litres (25 US Gallons).



Fig 12 - Fuel tank and hydraulic reservoir

**Oil Tank Heater (Optional):**

An electric heater patch, can be attached to the bottom of the Hydraulic Reservoir.

**Oil Cooler (Optional):**

A fan can be mounted in front of the hydraulic reservoir.



Fig 13 - Oil cooler

**Hydraulic Controls:**

The hydraulic valve bank is beside the engine. There are two gauges on the valve bank, one to monitor the moving/lifting circuit, and one for the conveyor belt circuit.

- a. Mover Kit Lever:  
This 4 position, spring-loaded lever controls the movement of the conveyor. It drives the wheels forward and reverse, and also swivels the steering wheels for turning left or right.

- b. Conveyor Lift:  
This lever raises and lowers the conveyor tube.

**Note:**

A ball valve is located on the lift arm.  
Open, to raise or lower conveyor.  
Close, to lock in position. See Figure 16

- c. Hopper Lift:  
This lever controls the height of the steering wheels, which in turn moves the hopper.  
- Lower the wheels, to raise the hopper when driving the unit.  
- Raise the wheels, lowering the hopper into position for unloading.
- d. Conveyor Belt Control:  
The hydraulic motor controlling the conveyor belt is turned on and off with this lever.

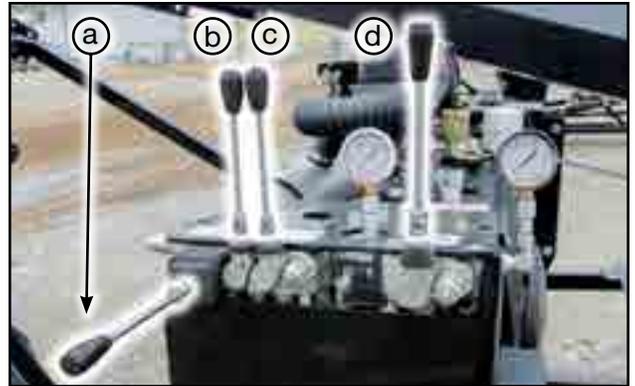


Fig 14 - Valve bank



Fig 15 - Hydraulic pressure gauges



Fig 16 - Lift cylinder and ball valve

**Conveyor Tube Lift Cylinder and Ball Valve:**

The hydraulic cylinder raises/lowers the tube and the ball valve locks the cylinder in place.

**IMPORTANT:**

Hydraulic valve must be fully opened prior to raising/lowering conveyor.  
Always close valve fully when conveyor is to remain in fixed position. This will prevent ram from creeping downward during operation.

**NOTICE****EQUIPMENT DAMAGE LIKELY**

Always disengage both drive wheels before towing. Hydraulic motors will be damage if driven at highway speeds.

**Drive Wheels:**

The driven wheels have a lever to manually engage or disengage the hydraulic drive mechanism. When disengaged, insert the retaining clip to secure.

**NOTICE****UPENDING HAZARD**

Raise the steering wheels with caution. The conveyor may become unstable and upend.

**Steering Wheels:**

A hydraulic cylinder raises and lowers the wheels. A check valve locks the wheels, when they are raised.

- Use the mover kit lever on the hydraulic valve bank to turn the wheels when driving the conveyor.

**Drive Box and Hydraulic Motor:**

This conveyor uses a Spring Tension Drive Box. The 10" drive roller and 5" pinch roller ensures more belt-to-drive roller contact. Spring tension and constant pressure results in less adjusting required.

**Cable Bridging:**

The cable bridging needs to be adjusted periodically to ensure tube is straight vertically and horizontally. Refer to Section 4.2.4



Fig 17 - Disengaged drive wheel



Fig 18 - Steering wheels



Fig 19 - Drive box



Fig 20 - Straight conveyor tube

**Chevron Belt with Alligator® Lacing:**

Convey-All® conveyors use a 2 ply, 150 weight, chevron, rubber belt with Alligator® Lacing. The belt is skived, to remove the rubber cleats from along the edges for a tight seal between the belt and hopper flashing.

**⚠ WARNING****MOVING BELT HAZARD**

Never climb into hopper onto the belt.  
The belt may inadvertently be turned on.

**Canvas Hopper:**

The hopper is designed with a spring-loaded canvas frame. This allows the truck box to push the canvas down.

- The hopper has rubber flashing to seal the junction between the belt and the sides of the hopper.
- The hopper is also available in stainless steel.

**⚠ WARNING****UNEXPECTED MOVEMENT HAZARD**

Do not release hopper winch handle when ratchet lever is unlocked with load on winch. The handle could spin violently causing serious injury.

**Hopper Winch:**

The winch is located on the side of the tube just above the hopper. It is used to lower the canvas frame.

**Railcar Hopper (Optional):**

This heavy duty hopper has a very low profile to allow for positioning under a railcar hopper.

- A winch is used to raise and lower hopper sides.



Fig 21 - Skived chevron belt with Alligator® lacing



Fig 22 - Hopper



Fig 23 - Hopper winch



Fig 24 - Rail car hopper

**Discharge Spout:**

The discharge spout may be plastic or metal. It is designed with six settings to allow it to be angled.

- Tilt the spout back if product needs to be directed further out, rather than straight down.
- Remove the brackets and flip the spout back to throw the product as far as possible. This works well when making piles or working inside buildings.



Fig 25 - Discharge spout

**Electric Actuator on Discharge Spout:**

A 12 volt DC electric actuator repositions the spout, tilting it for precise control over product output.

- The toggle switch is beside the hydraulic valves.



Fig 26 - Electric actuator

**Work Lights:**

Lights are installed to illuminate the hopper and discharge ends of the machine. The 12 volt DC work lights make operating the conveyor at any time safe and convenient.

- The light switch is on the side of the valve bank.



Fig 27 - Working light

**Transport Light Package (Optional):**

On certain models, a 12 volt DC transport light package is available. The wiring harness would plug into a truck.

**Quad-Swivel Discharge Spout (Optional):**

This is an extension to the standard spout, which hangs down from it. An electric actuator is attached to the extension to swing it sideways.



Fig 28 - Quad-swivel discharge spout and transport lights

**Electric Switches:**

On the side of the valve bank, are the switches that work the lights, and move the discharge actuator.

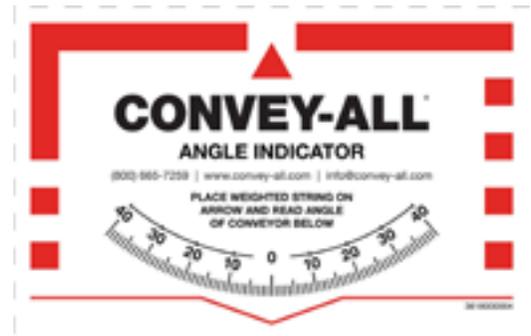


Fig 29 - Electric switches

**Angle of Operation Indicator:**

On the side of the drive box, is a decal to assist in the calculation of the operating angle.

Hold the end of a weighted string against the red arrow (above the Convey-All logo). Reference the graph and read at what angle the string lies.



3618000004

Fig 30 - Angle of Operation decal

**Drawbar and Jack Storage Plate:**

There is a plate mounted onto the conveyor's undercarriage. This is where the Drawbar and the Jack may be stored, when not in use.



Fig 31 - Storage plate

**2-5/16 Inch Ball Receiver:**

A ball receiver is available to replace the standard hitch drawbar.

**Wheel Chocks:**

Wheel Chocks are available.



Fig 32 - Wheel chocks

### 3.3 OILSEED SERIES COMPONENTS

There are three belt scrapers which remove product from the underside of the belt.

- A belt scraper assembly is bolted to the tube at the discharge.

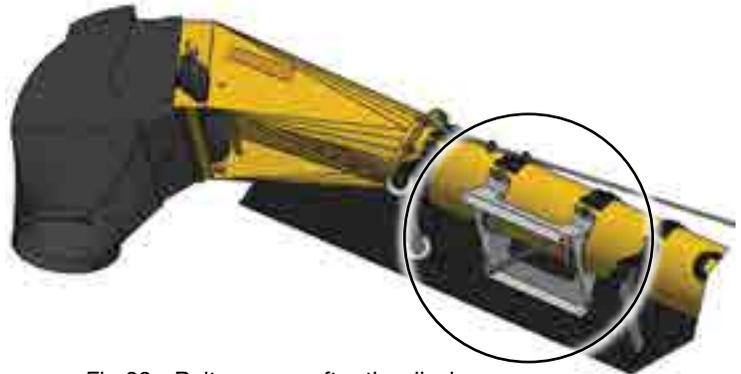


Fig 33 - Belt scraper after the discharge

- Another scraper assembly is bolted to the tube behind the drive box.



Fig 34 - Scraper before the drive box

- The third belt scraper is inside the hopper. The waste is expelled out an opening on the side of the hopper.

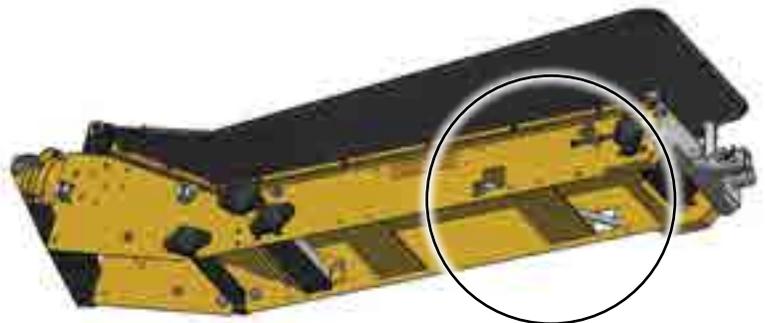


Fig 35 - Belt Scraper inside hopper frame

- The hopper flashing covers the entire length and is held down by an adjustable stainless steel bar.
- The transition is also covered to prevent back feeding.

See the Service and Maintenance section for specific information on how to maintain your Oilseed Series components.



Fig 36 - Hopper transition flashing

### 3.4 MACHINE BREAK-IN

There is no operational restrictions on the conveyor when used for the first time.

The conveyor belt alignment is set at the factory, to track correctly without carrying a load.

#### **Before Starting Work:**

1. Read conveyor and engine operator manuals.
2. Run the unit for half an hour to seat the conveyor belt and hopper flashing. It is normal for rubber from the flashing to be expelled out the discharge and form a pattern on the belt.

#### **After Operating or Transporting for 1/2 hour:**

3. Re-torque all the wheel bolts, and fasteners.
4. Check fuel, engine oil and hydraulic oil levels.
5. During the conveyors first few minutes of operation, check belt tension and alignment to ensure the factory preset does not vary under loaded conditions.
6. Check the flashing seal on the hopper. If any product comes out of the hopper around the flashing; stop the belt, loosen flashing mounting screws and adjust. Retighten anchor screws and try again. Repeat until no product is lost.
7. Check the condition of all hydraulic lines, hoses and connections. Repair or replace any damaged system components.
8. Check that all guards are installed and function as intended.

#### **After Operating For 5 Hours and 10 Hours:**

Repeat steps 1 through 8 above.

Service and maintain the conveyor as defined in Section 4: Service and Maintenance.

### 3.5 PRE-OPERATION CHECKLIST

Efficient and safe operation of the conveyor requires that each operator knows the operating procedures.

It is important for both the personal safety and maintaining the good mechanical condition of the machine that this checklist is followed.

Before operating the conveyor, and each time thereafter, the following areas should be checked.

1. Check worksite. Clean up working area to prevent slipping or tripping.
2. Be sure that the battery is fully charged. If needed, charge the battery before connecting it with the battery cables.
3. Lubricate and service the machine as per the schedule outlined in the Section 4.2.
4. Check that all guards are installed, secured and functioning as intended. Do not operate with missing or damaged shields.
5. Check that the belt is properly tensioned and aligned. Ensure it is not frayed or damaged. Refer to Section 4.3.1 and 4.3.2
6. Be sure conveyor wheels are chocked.
7. Check that discharge and intake hopper areas are free of obstructions.

## **NOTICE**

### **UPENDING HAZARD**

Anchor or support conveyor during operation. When lower half empties of material, the weight balance transfers to the discharge end of the machine, which can cause upending.

**3.6 ATTACHING TO TOW VEHICLE****⚠ DANGER****ELECTROCUTION HAZARD**

Ensure enough clearance from overhead obstructions, power lines or other equipment.

1. Clear the working area of bystanders, especially small children.
2. If the conveyor is in a working position:
  - Use the mover kit, to drive conveyor away from the bin and out of the work area.
  - Lower the tube to it's collapsed position.
3. Ensure that there is sufficient room and clearance to back up to the conveyor.

**NOTICE****UPENDING HAZARD**

The machine is closely balanced. Do not lift unless there is downward weight on the hopper end to prevent upending.

4. Use the mover kit to raise hopper.
5. Insert the drawbar on the hitch and secure with the anchor pin.
6. Align the tow vehicle's hitch with the drawbar of the conveyor while backing up.
7. Set park brake before dismounting tow vehicle.
8. Install the pin with its retainer clip, to connect the tow vehicle.
  - Secure the safety chain.
9. Raise the steering wheels.
10. Remove and store the jack.
11. Close hydraulic valves and turn off engine.



Fig 37 - Jack



Fig 38 - Hitch and drawbar



Fig 39 - Attached to tow vehicle

### 3.7 CONVEYOR PLACEMENT

Once the conveyor has been transported to the work site, it can be driven into its working position:

1. Start the conveyor's engine.
2. Lower the steering wheels.
3. Detach the conveyor from the tow vehicle.

#### **CAUTION**

##### SAFETY HAZARD

Remove drawbar from conveyor to prevent interference and clear a tripping hazard.

4. Remove and store the drawbar.

#### **DANGER**

##### ELECTROCUTION HAZARD

Ensure enough clearance from overhead obstructions, power lines or other equipment.

5. Remove the retainer clips, and manually engage the drive wheels on the conveyor's mover kit.
6. Drive the conveyor into working position while the tube is lowered.

#### **NOTICE**

##### HIGH WIND HAZARD

Do not operate or leave conveyor fully raised, in high winds. It may blow over, damaging structures and equipment.



Fig 40 - Start engine



Fig 41 - Drawbar and jack storage



Fig 42 - Engage drive wheel



Fig 43 - Place under bin

**⚠ WARNING****PINCH POINT HAZARD**

As the A-frame undercarriage is raised and lowered, pinching can occur.  
Keep away from moving parts.

7. Carefully position the hopper under the bin.
8. Use the hydraulics to raise the conveyor tube to working height.

**IMPORTANT:**

To prevent damage to the conveyor tube and belt, be sure it does not rest on any structure.

9. Raise the steering wheels, to lower the hopper to the ground.

**NOTICE****UPENDING HAZARD**

Always check the weight of the hopper end to prevent upending.

10. Stake or weigh down the hopper end to prevent upending when the machine is emptying.
11. Close the ball valve to lock the tube in the raise position.
12. Chock drive wheels to prevent movement.

**Note:**

Chocks are not included with conveyor.



Fig 44 - Discharge spout



Fig 45 - Hydraulic valve to lift cylinder



Fig 46 - Chocked drive wheels

### 3.8 OPERATING ON SITE

When operating conveyor, follow this procedure:

1. Clear the area of bystanders, especially small children, before starting.
2. Review the Pre-Operation Checklist before starting. Refer to Section 3.5.
3. Review the Workplace Hazards illustration and use extra care when inside the hazard area. Keep all spectators and bystanders out of this area.
  - Should anyone enter the hazard area, stop the machine immediately.
4. Check that all guards are in place and working as intended.
5. Once the conveyor is in position under a bin, move the truck/tender into position for loading.

#### **NOTICE**

##### HIGH WIND HAZARD

Do not operate or leave conveyor fully raised, in high winds. Avoid damage to structures and equipment, by always lowering conveyor.

#### **3.8.1 Starting Conveyor:**

1. Move throttle to the idle position.
  - Close the choke if the engine is cold.
2. Start the engine.
3. Run for 2-3 minutes to allow engine to warm.
4. Increase engine speed to full throttle.
5. Start to rotate the conveyor belt by using the hydraulic valve lever.
6. Open the bin gate, to start the flow of product and unload into the conveyor hopper.

#### **3.8.2 Stopping Conveyor:**

7. Stop unloading, and wait for conveyor belt to empty completely.
8. Stop the conveyor belt.
9. Move the throttle to idle position.
10. Turn off the engine and remove ignition key.

#### **3.8.3 Emergency Stopping:**

Although it is recommended that the conveyor tube be emptied before stopping, in an emergency situation, stop the engine immediately.

See to the emergency.

Correct the situation before resuming work.

**3.8.4 Restarting after Emergency Stop:**

When the conveyor is shut down inadvertently or in an emergency, the conveyor belt will still be covered with product.

Remove as much product from the hopper as possible, before restarting the engine.

Since start-up torque loads are much higher than normal when belt is full, restart at a low engine speed. The engine speed can be increased to full throttle, when the belt is empty.

Now, product can again be unloaded into the conveyor hopper.

**3.8.5 Unplugging:**

In unusual moisture, crop or product conditions, the machine can become plugged. When unplugging, follow this procedure:

1. Stop the conveyor belt.
2. Throttle down. Then, stop the engine.
3. Lock-out, tag-out the controls.
4. Remove product from the discharge and hopper area.
5. Reposition the conveyor if discharge area plugs due to lack of clearance.
6. Restart using the same procedure as if after an emergency stop. Refer to Section 3.8.4



Fig 47 - Filling truck on site

### 3.9 OPERATING HINTS

- Keep the hopper full for maximum capacity. Most efficient results will be obtained when flow of incoming product is directed at the top of the hopper (closer to the tube).
- Always listen for any unusual sounds or noises. If any are heard, stop the machine and determine the source. Correct the problem before resuming work.
- Do not run the machine for long periods of time with no product on the belting. This will increase the wear. Try to run only when moving product.
- Do not support discharge end directly on the truck or trailer.
- Stake the hopper or weigh it down to prevent upending.
- The hopper is designed with flashing to seal the junction of the belt with the sides of the hopper. It must be kept in good condition to prevent product from “leaking” out of the hopper. Replace flashing if leakage occurs.
- Belt Speed:  
The best results are obtained when the drive is set to provide a belt speed of 600 ft./min.

Count the number of belt revolutions per unit time to determine belt speed. Use the belt lacing as a reference when counting belt revolutions.

Contact your dealer or the factory for the appropriate drive components to give the recommended belt speed.

- Belt Length Indication:  
The slack eliminator roller on the drivebox indicates the length of the belt. View the position of the roller bearing inside the slot:
  - Bearing against spring-end - Belt is too long.
  - Bearing against hopper-end - belt is too short.

- Oilseed Series - Remove Residual Buildup:
  - Remove one of the windguards.
  - While the belt is running, pour the sand or dry product on the underside of the belt.
  - Run until the buildup is decreased.
- Belt Tension:  
There may be a rapid decrease in belt tension during the first few hours of operation until the belt has worn in.

The correct operating tension is the lowest tension at which the belt will not slip under peak load conditions.

- Operating Angle:  
The hydraulic lift can set the tube angle at any position between 12° and 27° when operating. Because the belt does not have roll-back barriers, the product will roll-back if the angle is too steep. Do not position at more than 27°.

**Note:**

The lower the angle, the greater the capacity.

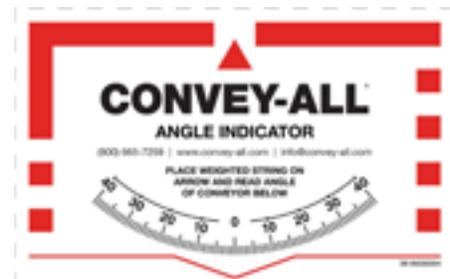


Fig 48 - Angle of Operation decal. # 3618000004



Fig 49 - “Slack Eliminator” roller. Belt length indication

### 3.10 TRANSPORTATION

Convey-All® Truck Load conveyors are designed to be easily and conveniently moved from place to place.

1. Refer to Section 3.6 to attach conveyor to tow vehicle.

#### **NOTICE**

##### **EQUIPMENT DAMAGE LIKELY**

Always disengage drive wheels before transport. Hydraulic motors will be damaged if driven at highway speeds.

2. Ensure the conveyor is ready for transport:
  - It is in its fully collapsed position.
  - Drive wheels are disengaged, and retainer clip is fastened in place.
  - Hydraulic lines are closed.
  - Hitch and drawbar are attached using anchor pin, retainer and safety chain.
3. Be sure all bystanders are clear.
4. Conveyor is hitched to the tow vehicle and safety chains are secured.
5. Jack is raised, removed and stored.
6. Remove chocks from around conveyor wheels.
7. If equipped with transport lights, connect the wiring harness across the hitch.
  - Secure with clips, zip ties or tape. Provide slack for turning.
8. Ensure the SMV (Slow Moving Vehicle) emblem, all lights and reflectors required by local highway and transport authorities are in place.
  - They must be clean and clearly visible by all overtaking and oncoming traffic.
9. Do not allow riders on the conveyor.

10. Slowly pull away from the working area.
  - Be sure everything is connected and nothing is hanging.
11. Keep to the right and yield the right-of-way to allow faster traffic to pass. Drive on the road shoulder, if permitted by law.
12. Never travel across slopes of more than 20°. It is better to go straight up and down.
13. It is not recommended that the machine be transported faster than 80km/h (50mph).
14. During periods of limited visibility, use pilot vehicles or add extra lights to the machine.
15. Always use hazard flashers on the tow vehicle when transporting unless prohibited by law.



Fig 50 - Disengage drive wheels



Fig 51 - Drawbar and jack storage plate

### 3.11 STORAGE

After the season's use, or when the conveyor will not be used for an extended period of time, it should be thoroughly inspected and prepared for storage.

Repair or replace any worn or damaged components to prevent unnecessary down-time next season.

For a long, trouble-free life, this procedure should be followed when preparing the machine for storage:

1. Remove all left over product or residue from the hopper and inside tube.
2. Inspect all moving or rotating parts and remove anything which has become entangled.
3. Wash the entire machine thoroughly using a water hose or pressure washer to remove all dirt, mud, debris or residue.
  - Wash on top and under the belt.
  - Clean inside the tube.
4. Inspect all hydraulic hoses, fittings, lines, couplers and valves.
  - Tighten any loose fittings.
  - Replace any hose that is badly cut, nicked or abraded or is separating from the crimped end of the fitting.
5. Lubricate all grease fittings.  
Refer to Section 4.2
  - Ensure all grease cavities have been filled with grease to remove any water residue from having been washing.
6. Check the condition of the conveyor belt. Replace if necessary.
7. Remove the battery.
  - Be sure it is fully charged.
  - Store it inside.
  - Do not sit the battery on a cold, concrete floor.
8. Touch up all paint nicks and scratches to prevent rusting.
9. Select an area that is dry, level and free of debris.  
  
If the machine cannot be placed inside, cover the engine with a waterproof tarpaulin and tie securely in place.
10. Remove the ignition key.
  - Store in a memorable location.
11. Do not allow children to play on or around the conveyor.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

If conveyor has been stored for over 6 months, run engine for 2-3 minutes. Then, change oil, while still warm, to remove any condensation.



Fig 52 - Collapsed position

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## Section 4: SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

### **WARNING**

- Review the Operator's Manual and all safety items before maintaining the conveyor.
- Clear the area of bystanders, especially children, before repairing or adjusting.
- Before servicing, repairing or unplugging; place controls in neutral, stop engine, remove ignition key and wait for moving parts to stop.
- Follow good shop practices:
  - Keep service area clean and dry.
  - Be sure electrical outlets and tools are properly grounded.
  - Use adequate light for the job at hand.
- Relieve pressure from the hydraulic circuit before servicing.
- Before applying pressure to a hydraulic system, make sure all components are tight, hoses and couplings are in good condition.
- Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving and/or rotating parts.
- Make sure there is plenty of ventilation. Never operate the engine in a closed building. The exhaust fumes may cause asphyxiation.
- Place stands or blocks under frame before working beneath the unit.
- When maintenance is complete, before resuming work, install and secure all guards.
- Keep decals clean, replace if not readable.

By following the operating instructions, in conjunction with a good maintenance program, your conveyor will provide many years of trouble-free service.

### 4.1 FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS

#### **Fuel and Engine Oil:**

Refer to the engine's operator manual for specific information.

- Fuel tank capacity is 57 Litres (15 US Gal.)

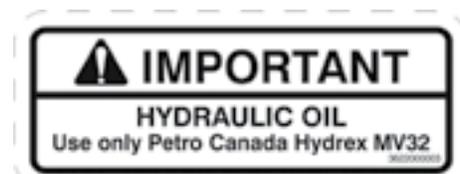
#### **Grease:**

Use an SAE multipurpose high temperature grease with extreme pressure (EP) performance. Also acceptable, SAE multipurpose lithium based grease.

#### **Hydraulic Oil:**

Use an ISO grade 36 hydraulic oil for all operating conditions (Hydrex MV36 or comparable).

- Oil reservoir holds: 95 Litres (25 US Gal.)



3622000003

Fig 53 - Hydraulic oil decal

**Storing Lubricants:**

Your machine can operate at top efficiency only if clean lubricants are used. Use clean containers to handle all lubricants.

- Store them in an area protected from dust, moisture and other contaminants.

**4.1.1 Greasing:****NOTICE****GREASING HAZARD**

Too much grease causes excessive overheating. Under-greasing accelerates equipment wear.

No grease should be seen around bearings. If there is, too much grease was applied and the seal has ruptured!

**IMPORTANT:**

Grease bearings only one pump per month under normal usage conditions.

Bearing greasing frequency should be determined by usage and conditions.

1. Use a hand-held grease gun for all greasing.
2. Wipe grease fitting with a clean cloth before greasing, to avoid injecting dirt and grit.
3. All bearings are greasable, but require only minimal grease.
  - Recommended greasing is one small stroke every month. Be careful not to over-grease as this may push the seal out.
4. Replace and repair broken fittings immediately.
5. If fittings will not take grease, remove and clean thoroughly. Also clean lubricant passageway. Replace fitting if necessary.



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Fig 54 - Lubricate decal

## 4.2 SERVICING INTERVALS

Use the Service Record provided on page 4-23, to keep a record of all scheduled maintenance.

The conveyor belt alignment is preset to run true under a condition of no load. It is important to check alignment and make adjustments, if required, during the initial few minutes of loaded operation.

Check bearings for wear daily.

The following recommended periods are based on normal operating conditions. Severe or unusual conditions may require more frequent lubrication and oil changes.

Schedules may vary depending on options and engine model contained in your equipment.

### **IMPORTANT:**

For engine servicing and maintenance, refer to it's manual for complete details.

### **4.2.1 Every 10 Hours or Daily:**

1. Check fuel level.
  - Add as required.
2. Check oil level in hydraulic reservoir.
  - Add as required.
3. Inspect conveyor belt lacing for wear.
4. Check the conveyor belt tension daily while breaking-in the conveyor.
  - Refer to Section 4.3.1
5. Check the conveyor belt alignment frequently during the first 10 hours of operation until it seats itself. Refer to Section 4.3.2
6. Inspect all rollers and bearings:
  - Check for play and wear.
  - Replace if necessary.



Fig 55 - Oil reservoir and fuel tank



Fig 56 - Alligator® lacing



Fig 57 - Drive box roller bearings

### **Oilseed Series:**

7. Inspect all rollers and scrapers for residual buildup.
  - Loosen the belt and clean them.
8. Inspect the belt for residual buildup.
  - Clean the belt using a pail of sand:
    - Remove one of the windguards.
    - While the belt is running, pour the sand on the underside of the belt.
    - Run until the buildup is decreased.

**4.2.2 Every 50 Hours or Weekly:**

## 9. Check the conveyor belt tension.

Watch the tension more often while breaking-in the conveyor, because the belt may stretch. Refer to Section 4.3.1

**Note:**

A properly tensioned belt will not slip when in operation.

## 10. Check the conveyor belt tracking.

- How the belt is aligned to the rollers must be checked at the hopper, transition, at the drive box and the discharge.

Watch the tracking more frequently during the first 10 hours of operation. It usually seats itself and can be checked weekly after that. Refer to Section 4.3.2

## 11. Check the condition of the rubber, hopper flashing. Be sure it still seals the hopper to prevent leaking.

If any product comes out of the hopper around the flashing, loosen flashing mounting screws and adjust the stainless steel hold-down bar.

- Lower the bar using its slotted bolt holes until it presses the flashing against the belt.
- Retighten anchor screws and try running the conveyor again. Repeat until no grain is lost.

If the flashing is stuck to the belt, manually peel the flashing up and off the hopper. Replace it if necessary.

## 12. Inspect the sprockets on the drive wheels, for wearing teeth.

## 13. Inspect the hydraulic drive for wear.



Fig 58 - Spring tension bolts, below drive box



Fig 59 - Adjustment bolt on tail roller



Fig 60 - Hopper flashing



Fig 61 - Conveyor belt hydraulic drive motor

**4.2.3 Every 100 Hours or Monthly:**

**Note:**

Recommended greasing is one small stroke every month. Be careful not to over grease as this may push the seal out.

14. Grease hopper roller bearings.



Fig 62 - Tail roller bearing

15. Grease transition roller bearings.



Fig 63 - Transition roller bearings

16. Grease drive box assembly bearings.



Fig 64 - Drive box roller bearings

17. Grease discharge roller bearings.



Fig 65 - Discharge roller bearing

**4.2.4 Every 200 hours or Annually:**

18. Refer to the engine manual for specific service and maintenance schedules.
19. Take a hydraulic oil sample and send it to a lab for particle count analysis.
  - Change oil if necessary.
20. Change the hydraulic oil filter.
21. Check that the battery retains its maximum charge.
22. Grease the steering wheel axle bushings and cylinder.



Fig 66 - Hydraulic filter



Fig 67 - Steering wheel axle bushings

23. Grease the steering wheel lift cylinder.



Fig 68 - Steering wheel lift cylinder

24. Grease the conveyor lift cylinder.



Fig 69 - Conveyor lift cylinder

25. Grease the upper lift bearings.



Fig 70 - Upper lift bearings

26. Check the tube's straightness, horizontally and vertically.

If adjustment is necessary:

- Take tension off the cables by supporting the tube.

**Note:**

A thin strap can be fed between the tube and windguard, around the bottom of the tube and out the other side. Then, it can be supported by a winch or forklift.



Fig 71 - Straight conveyor tube

- Adjust eyebolts at the hopper end.
- Remove support from the tube to view the result of the adjustment.
- Repeat process until the tube is straight.

27. Repack the wheel bearings.



Fig 72 - Wheels

28. Wash the entire machine thoroughly using a water hose or pressure washer to remove all dirt, mud, debris or residue.

- Wash the outside.
- Wash around the hopper.
- Leave the belt running while washing inside the tube and around the belt.

**Oilseed Series:**

- Remove any buildup and wash the rollers.
- Clean the belt scrapers.
- Clean the belt using a pail of sand:
  - Remove one of the windguards.
  - While the belt is running, pour the sand on the underside of the belt.
  - Run until the buildup is decreased.



Fig 73 - Clean conveyor

### 4.3 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

By following a careful service and maintenance program for your machine, you will enjoy many years of trouble-free service.

**Note:**

Refer to the engine manual for complete details on your particular model.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

##### ROTATING BELT HAZARD

Turn off engine, lock-out power and wait for all components to stop moving before adjusting the belt.

To check belt position, idle the engine, then rotate the belt slowly.

#### 4.3.1 Conveyor Belt Tension:

The tension of the belt should be checked weekly, or more often if required, to be sure that it does not slip under load.

The spring tension bolts have yellow washers sandwiched between the bolt and spring.

Reference the tension indicator on the outside of each spring. Line up the yellow washer with the arrows inside the indicator window, the springs will measure 3-3/4" (95 mm).

- **Note:** While running, the belt tension has some play. The yellow washer will move back and forth. This is normal, as long as the centre point is near the arrows.
- **Note:** The slack eliminator roller indicates the length of the belt. View the position of the roller bearing inside the slot:
  - Bearing against spring-end - Belt is too long.
  - Bearing against hopper-end - belt is too short.



Fig 74 - Spring tension bolts

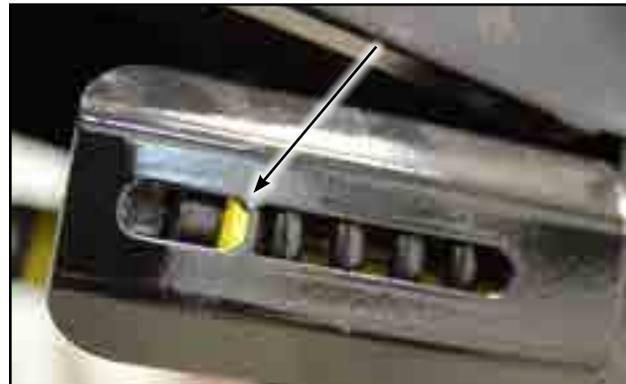


Fig 75 - Tension indicator

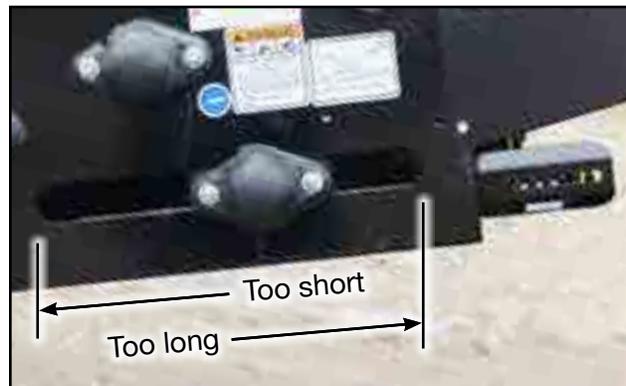


Fig 76 - "Slack Eliminator" roller. Belt length indication

- **Note:** If belt needs more or less slack, stop belt, and turn off engine. Move hopper roller 1/4 to 1/2 inch. Tension the belt at drive box.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

Run belt while adjusting the tension bolts. Adjust in small increments, alternate between the two bolts often. This will keep the belt aligned.

**4.3.2 Conveyor Belt Tracking:****NOTICE****BELT DAMAGE HAZARD**

Alignment of the belt must be checked at the hopper, drive box and discharge. Inspect weekly. Unaligned belt will cause damage and void warranty.

**NOTICE****BEARING FAILURE**

If a roller is replaced, ensure both ends are evenly aligned with the frame before running. If not, bearing failure may occur.

The belt is properly aligned when it runs in the centre of all rollers.

Check frequently during the first few minutes of operation with a new belt, and then several times during the first 10 hours.

The new belt normally seats itself during the first 10 hours of operation and can be checked weekly after that.

**⚠ WARNING****ROTATING BELT HAZARD**

Idle the engine, then rotate the belt slowly when checking the alignment.

Turn off engine when adjusting rollers.

**Belt Tracking at Tail and Transition Roller:**

1. Rotate the conveyor belt slowly, and check the position of the belt on the tail roller.

**Note:**

If belt is out of alignment, it will move to the loose side.

Tighten loose side or loosen tight side.

2. Adjust one side of roller at a time.
  - Loosen bearing housing, then adjust bolt.
3. Tighten the tail roller bearing housing.
4. Rotate the conveyor belt slowly, and check the position of the belt on the hopper roller.
  - Repeat steps until the belt is centred.
5. Replace housing guard.



Fig 77 - Adjustment bolt at tail roller

**Belt Tracking inside Drive Box:**

If necessary to adjust the position of the belt inside the drive box, use drive roller to make the adjustments.

6. Adjust one side of the drive roller at a time.
  - Loosen the bearing housing, then adjust.
7. Tighten the bearing housing.
8. Run the belt a couple of revolutions and check the alignment.
  - Repeat steps until the belt runs centred.
9. Replace the bearing housing guard.

**Belt Tracking at Discharge Roller:**

10. If necessary, remove the discharge spout to view the roller.

**Note:**

If belt is out of alignment,  
it will move to the loose side.  
Tighten loose side or loosen tight side.

11. Adjust one side of roller at a time.
  - Loosen the bearing housing, then adjust.
12. Tighten the discharge roller bearing housing.
13. Run the belt a couple of revolutions and check the alignment.
  - Repeat steps until the belt runs centred.
14. Replace the bearing housing guard.



Fig 78 - Drive box

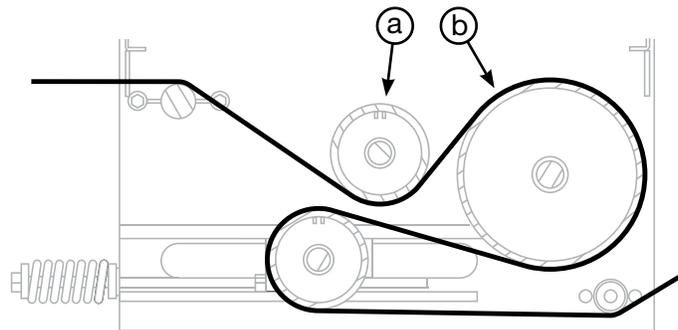


Fig 79 - Drive box; 5" pinch roller (a), 10" drive roller (b)



Fig 80 - Inside discharge spout

**4.3.3 Conveyor Belt Replacement:**

1. Rotate the conveyor belt until the Alligator® lacing is positioned under the tube, inside the wind guard, and is accessible.
2. Rotate the spring tension bolts, at the drive box, to their loosest position.
3. Pull all the slack to the lacing area.
4. Remove the lacing pin and open the belt.
  
5. Loosen the belt from below the transition.
6. Remove the containment plate from underneath the transition rollers.
  - This will help when threading the new belt.



Fig 81 - Conveyor belt lacing

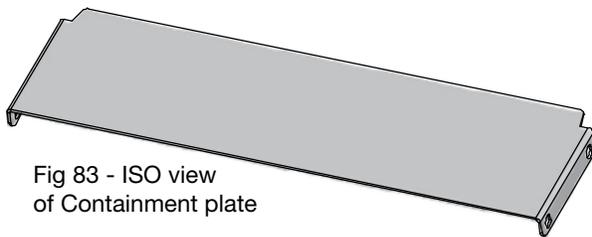


Fig 83 - ISO view of Containment plate

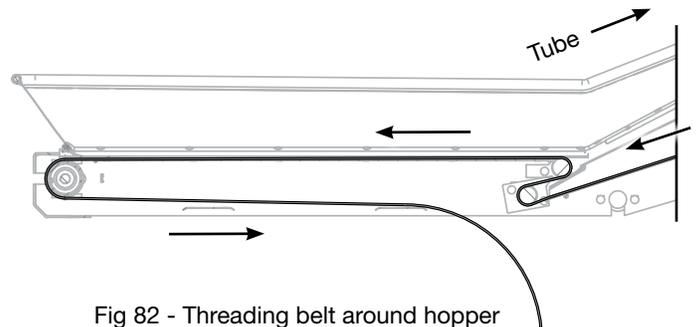


Fig 82 - Threading belt around hopper



Fig 84 - Containment plate in place

7. Attach the new belt to the end of the old belt which is hanging closest to the hopper.
8. Pull the end of the old belt which is coming from the direction of the discharge spout. The new belt will follow and be threaded into place.

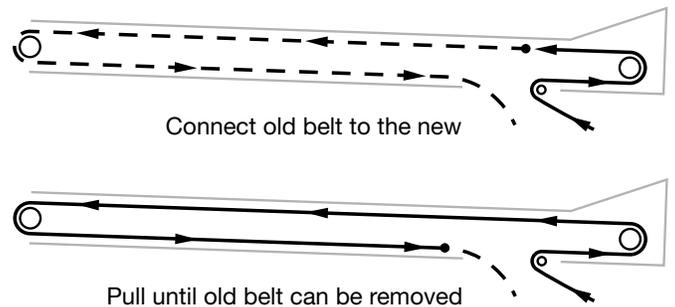


Fig 85 - Thread belt through conveyor

9. **IMPORTANT:** Reinstall the containment plate once the new belt is through the transition and around tail roller.
  - Leave the belt hanging below transition.
  - Do not fasten the belt lacing yet.
10. The Containment Plate will fit between the two weldments below the second transition roller. See Figure 84
  - **Note:** The tongue of the plate will sit on top of the angle iron.
11. Insert the bolts from inside.
  - The washers and nuts are fastened from the outside of the hopper.
12. Link the ends of the new belt lacing.
13. Push the lacing cable through the lacing to fasten belt.

**Note:**

Cordless drill can be used to thread cable.  
Proceed slowly.

14. Cut off excess cable.
15. Crimp lacing to lock the cable in place.
16. Cut and taper the corners of the trailing end of the belt.

**IMPORTANT:**

Taper the trailing belt corners, so they doesn't catch when rotating.

17. Set belt tension. Refer to Sections 4.3.1
18. Set the belt alignment. Refer to Section 4.3.2



Fig 86 - Reinstall the containment plate



Fig 87 - Thread lacing cable



Fig 88 - Crimp lacing and taper belt corner

**4.3.4 Change Hydraulic Oil:**

Use an ISO grade 36 hydraulic oil for all operating conditions (Hydrex MV36 or comparable).

Oil reservoir capacity is: 95 Litres (25 US Gal).

**⚠ WARNING****HOT LIQUID HAZARD**

Allow hydraulics to cool before changing oil.  
Hot oil will burn if it contacts exposed skin.

**IMPORTANT:**

Annually, have an oil sample tested for particle count.

Change oil only if necessary.

1. Allow the hydraulics to cool slightly before changing oil.

**Note:**

It is best to change oil while the engine is warm (not hot) to keep contaminants in suspension.

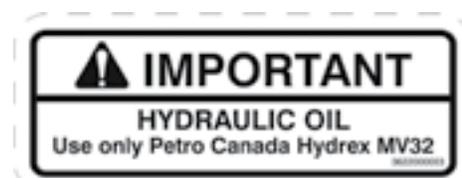
2. Place a large pan or pail under the drain plug.  
- Reservoir capacity is 95 Litre (25 US Gal).
3. Remove drain plug and allow to drain for ten minutes.
4. Install and tighten the drain plug.
5. Dispose of the used oil in an approved container and manner.
6. Fill the reservoir with specified oil.

**4.3.5 Change Hydraulic Oil Filter:**

1. Place a pan under filter to catch any spilled oil.
2. Remove hydraulic oil filter, and dispose of it.
3. Fill the new filter with hydraulic oil.
4. Apply a light coat of oil to the O-ring and install the new filter. Snug up by hand and then tighten another 1/2 turn.
5. Run the engine for 1-2 minutes and check for oil leaks.
6. If leaks are found around the drain plug or filter, tighten slightly.
7. Check oil level. Top up as required.



Fig 89 - Hydraulic Oil Filter



3622000003

Fig 90 - Hydraulic oil decal

**4.3.6 Standard Hopper Flashing Kit Replacement:**

Flashing Kit Part #650506196

**⚠ WARNING****HIGH SPRING TENSION**

There is high spring tension on Hopper Hoop.  
Hold hoop securely before working  
on Hopper Canvas.

Sudden release of hoop will cause injury.  
Keep Winch locked, and cable connected.

1. Securely, strap the hopper hoop to the frame.
2. Remove the existing rubber flashing from the hopper and transition.
3. Move transition rollers as far apart as possible.
4. Tension the belt and adjust its tracking.
5. Lay the rubber side flashing down on the angled side bracket of the hopper.
  - The end with the large hole, will lay under the tail flashing.
6. Position the tail flashing over the side flashing.
7. Insert the elevator bolts:
  - First, through the flat bar inside the canvas.
  - Second, through the tail flashing.
  - Third, through the large hole in the side flashing.
  - Fourth, fasten to the tail bracket on the frame.

**Note:**

The side flashing should lay flush along their metal brackets.

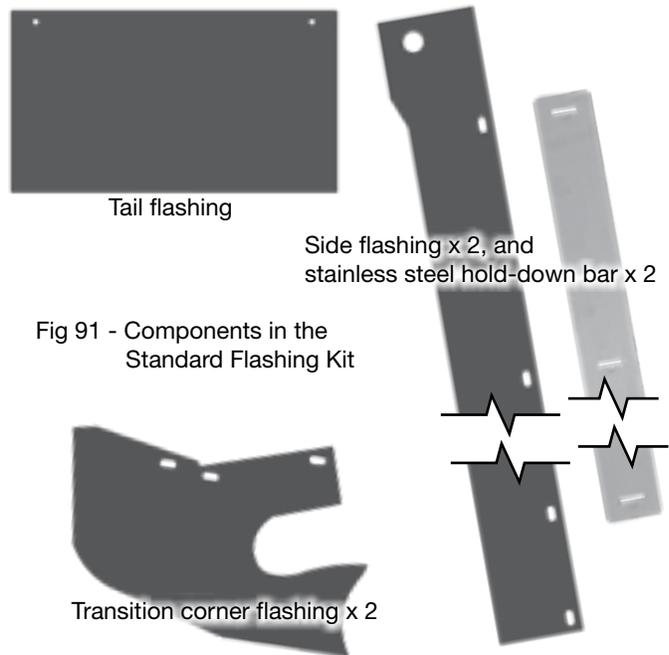


Fig 91 - Components in the Standard Flashing Kit



Fig 92 - Tail flashing on top of side flashing



Fig 93 - Transition corner flashing in place

8. Lay the transition, corner flashing in place.
  - **IMPORTANT:** Work the flashing around the roller to cup it well.
9. Lay the end of the side flashing over the transition flashing.
10. Insert elevator bolt through the flat bar inside the canvas, side and transition flashing pieces and fasten to the hopper frame.
  - Do not tighten the bolts yet.
11. Fasten the rest of the canvas at the transition.
12. Sandwich the stainless steel hold-down bar between the canvas and the side flashing.
  - Align the bolt holes with the flashing and the flat bar inside the canvas.
  - Start at the centre, inserting elevator bolts and fastening them to the hopper frame.
13. Push the stainless steel bar up behind the canvas, so the bolts are at the bottom of the slots.

**Note:**

As the side flashing wears from use, lower the stainless steel bar, so it continues to push the flashing tight against the belt.

14. Install the rest of the flashing on both sides.
  - Do not tighten the bolts yet.
15. **IMPORTANT:** Be sure the corner flashing fits tightly around the roller and deep into the transition.
  - It must cup the belt, tightly.
16. Reuse the Flashing Clamps to hold corner flashing in place.
  - Use self-tapping screws to fasten them.
17. Finally, tighten all the bolts and nuts.



Fig 94 - Stainless steel flat bar to hold side flashing



Fig 95 - Corner flashing must fit tight around the belt



Fig 96 - Fasten flashing clamp

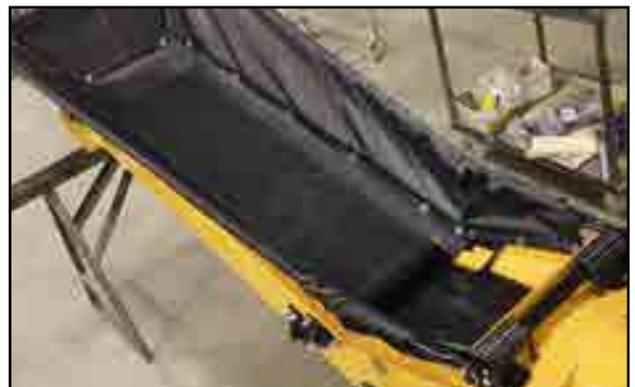


Fig 97 - Hopper is complete

**4.3.7 Oilseed Hopper Flashing Kit Replacement:**

Flashing Kit Part #650508558

**⚠ WARNING**

**HIGH SPRING TENSION**  
 There is high spring tension on Hopper Hoop.  
 Hold hoop securely before working  
 on Hopper Canvas.

Sudden release of hoop will cause injury.  
 Keep Winch locked, and cable connected.

1. Securely, strap the hopper hoop to the frame.
2. Remove the existing rubber flashing from the hopper and the transition weldment.
3. Move transition rollers as far apart as possible.
4. Tension the belt and adjust the tracking.

**Note:**

Reuse the existing transition weldment.

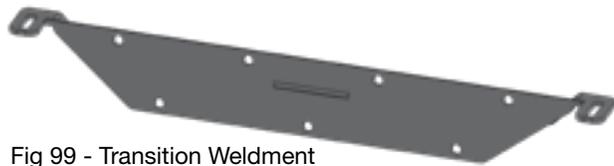


Fig 99 - Transition Weldment

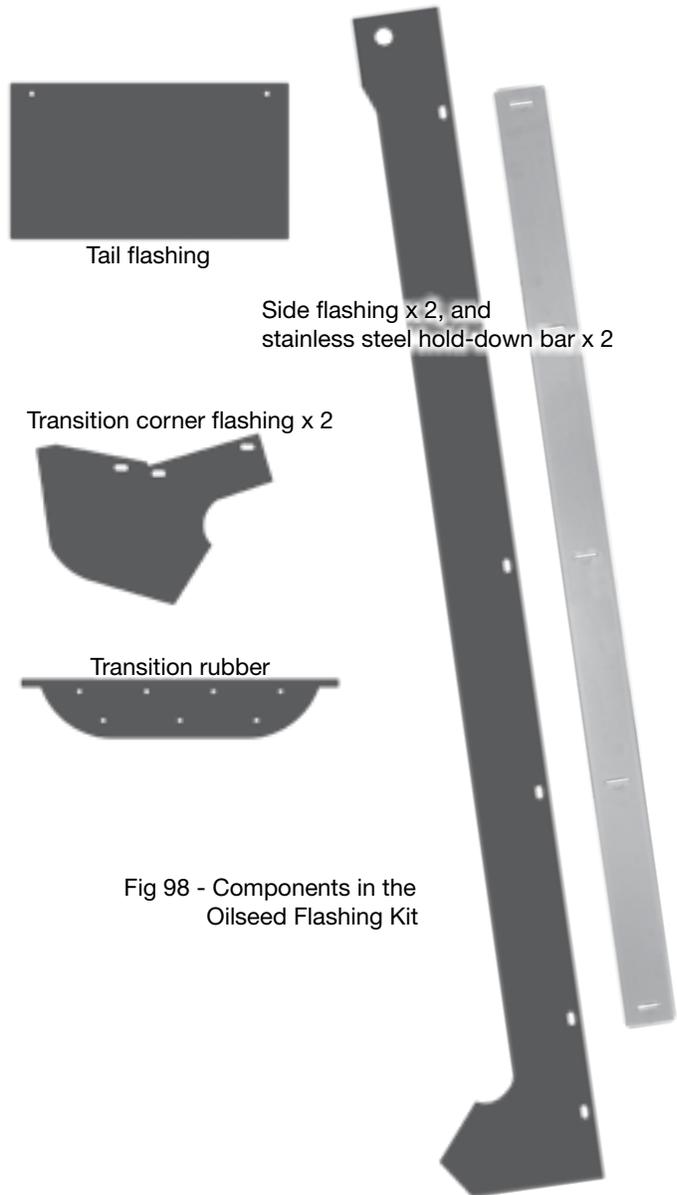


Fig 98 - Components in the Oilseed Flashing Kit

5. Rivet the new transition rubber onto the weldment.



Fig 100 - Transition Flashing in place

6. Fasten the transition weldment into the transition of the hopper.
  - Use self-tapping screws.



Fig 101 - Fasten transition flashing

7. Lay the rubber side flashing down on the angled side brackets of the hopper.
  - The end with the large hole, will lay under the tail flashing.
8. Position the tail flashing over the side flashing.
9. Insert the elevator bolts:
  - First, through the flat bar inside the canvas.
  - Second, through the tail flashing.
  - Third, through the large hole in the side flashing.
  - Fourth, fasten to the tail bracket on the frame.



Fig 102 - Tail flashing on top of side flashing

**Note:**  
The side flashing should lay flush along their metal brackets.



Fig 103 - Flashing flush with brackets

10. Insert the transition, corner flashing in place against the transition roller, behind the side flashing.

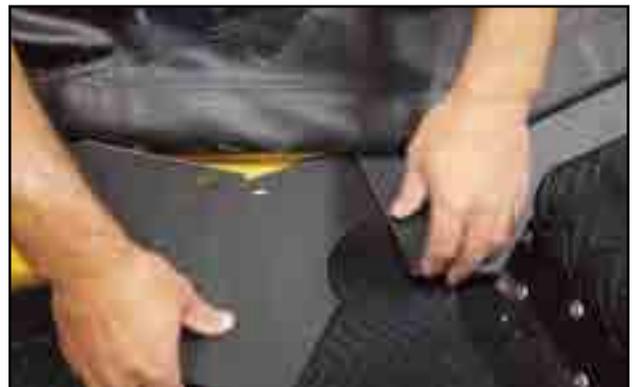


Fig 104 - Transition, Corner flashing

**IMPORTANT:**

The flashing must fit around the roller and against the weldment.

11. Insert elevator bolt through the flat bar inside the canvas, side and transition flashing pieces and fasten to the hopper frame.
  - Do not tighten the bolts yet.

12. Fasten the rest of the canvas at the transition.
  - The third bolt will only hold the corner flashing to the bracket.
  - **Do Not** fasten the long flashing with the third bolt.



Fig 105 - Corner flashing against roller



Fig 106 - Flashing fastened along transition

13. Sandwich the stainless steel hold-down bar between the canvas and the side flashing.
  - Align the bolt holes with the flashing and the flat bar inside the canvas.
  - Start at the centre, inserting elevator bolts and fastening them to the hopper frame.



Fig 107 - Stainless steel hold-down bar to hold side flashing

14. Push the stainless steel bar up behind the canvas, so the bolts are at the bottom of the slots.
  - **Note:** As the side flashing wears from use, lower the stainless steel bar, so it continues to push the flashing tight against the belt.

15. Install the rest of the flashing on both sides.
  - Do not tighten the bolts yet.



Fig 108 - Complete the flashing install

16. **IMPORTANT:** Be sure the corner flashing fits tightly around the roller.



Fig 109 - Corner flashing must fit tight

17. Reuse the Flashing Clamps to hold the corner flashing in place.  
- Use self-tapping screws to fasten them.

18. Finally, tighten all the bolts and nuts.



Fig 110 - Flashing clamp in place

19. Silicone the gaps between the front corners of the flashing and the canvas.



Fig 111 - Silicone gap in front corners

**4.3.8 Hydraulic Drive Motor Replacement:**

1. Remove the wheel from the axle.
  - Disconnect the hydraulic hoses to the motor.
  - Take off the pinion gear.
  - Remove the used motor.
2. Bolt on the new hydraulic motor using the existing motor mount.
3. Push the pinion gear onto the shaft.
  - Align the hole in the gear with the shaft.
  - Insert the roll pin to fasten them together.

**Note:**

If needed, remove assembly components, apply anti-seize lubricant between the parts.

4. Be sure all bolts on the drive assembly are tight.
5. Bolt the wheel back onto the axle.
6. Work the handle up and down.
  - Make sure that there is good contact between motor pinion gear and wheel gear.
  - Both should be parallel with each other and 90° to the conveyor axle.
  - The pinion gear is 3/8" wider than the wheel gear. When installing, the drive gear surface should offset from the wheel gear by 3/16" on each side.
7. The only adjustment possible is to fine-tune the position of the 4" bolt.
  - Loose if the handle movement is too tight.
  - Tighten if the handle has too much play.



Fig 112 - Pinion gear



Fig 113 - Wheel ring gear and drive motor



Fig 114 - Adjustment bolt

#### 4.3.9 Mover Kit Gear Adjustment:

There must be good engagement between the drive motor pinion gear and the wheel rim ring gear. Both should be parallel with each other and 90° to the conveyor axle.

- The pinion gear is 3/8" wider than the ring gear.
- When installing, the drive gear surface should be offset from the wheel gear by 3/16" on each side.

To adjust the gears:

1. Use the lever to bring the pinion gear close to the ring gear but not touching.
2. Rotate the conveyor wheel to find the deepest spot where the pinion gear contacts.
3. Adjust the position of the pinion gear.
4. The pinion gear should engage as equally around the ring as possible.
  - The gear must not "bottom out" and engage too tightly.



Fig 115 - Ring gear and pinion gear

If more engagement is required, the outer 1/2" flange nut can be loosened at the bottom of the handle. The 1" slot in the bottom of the handle will allow the handle to be lifted up which will mesh the drive pinion gear deeper into the ring gear.

Retighten the hardware by holding the pivot bolt secure with a wrench.

- Tighten the inner 1/2" flange nut against the three stacked washers and then back off 1/2" turn to allow free play of pivot bolt in the over-centre bracket.
- Tighten the outer 1/2" flange nut against the handle.

Check to ensure the pivot bolt moves freely in the over-centre bracket.

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**4.4 SERVICE RECORD**

See Section 4.2 for servicing intervals. This section is only a general guide under good conditions. Under extreme, or unusual circumstances adjust service timing accordingly.

For more detailed schedule pertaining to the specific engine model, consult its manual.

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Maintenance	Hours																		
	Serviced By																		
<b>10 Hours or Daily</b>																			
Check Fuel Level																			
Check Hydraulic Oil Level																			
Inspect Conveyor Belt Lacing																			
Inspect Rollers and Bearings																			
Oilseed: Inspect and Clean Rollers																			
Oilseed: Inspect, Clean Scrapers and Belt																			
<b>50 Hours or Weekly</b>																			
Check Conveyor Belt Tension																			
Check Conveyor Belt Alignment																			
Check Hopper Flashing																			
Inspect Drive Wheels Sprockets																			
Inspect Hydraulic Drive Coupler/Chain																			
Oil Hydraulic Drive Coupler/Chain																			
<b>100 Hours or Monthly</b>																			
Grease Hopper & Transition Roller Bearings																			
Grease Drive Box Roller Bearings																			
Grease Discharge Roller Bearings																			
<b>200 Hours or Annually</b>																			
Change Hydraulic System Oil and Filter																			
Check the Battery																			
Grease Steering Wheel Axle Bushings																			
Grease Steering Wheel Lift Cylinder																			
Grease Conveyor Tube Lift Cylinder																			
Grease Upper Lift Bearings																			
Check Tube Straightness																			
Repack Wheel Bearings																			
Wash Conveyor																			

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## **4.5 ORDERING PARTS**

Always give the Model Number and Serial Number when ordering parts.

To get your parts promptly the following information will be required:

- The part name and number
- Your Name, Address, Town, Province/State, Country
- Complete information for shipping

Confirm all phoned in orders in writing. If Purchase Orders are required please note the number on the written order.

Unless claims for shortages or errors are made immediately upon receipt of goods, they will not be considered.

Inspect all goods received immediately upon receipt. When damaged goods are received, insist that a full description of the damage is made with the carrier against the freight bill. If this is insisted upon, full damage can be collected from the transport company.

No responsibility is assumed for delay or damage to merchandise while in transit. Dealers responsibility ceases upon delivery or pickup of shipment from or to the transportation company. Any freight damage claims must be made with the transportation company, not with the dealer.

## Section 5: TROUBLESHOOTING

This section contains a list of common problems, causes and offers quick solutions to those issues.

If problems are confronted which are difficult to solve, even after having read through this section, please contact your authorized dealer, distributor or Meridian Manufacturing Inc. Before you call, please have this Operator's Manual and the unit's serial number ready.

### ***Problem***

<b>Possible Cause</b>	<b>Possible Solution</b>
-----------------------	--------------------------

### *Engine won't start*

Low battery	Recharge or replace
No fuel	Refuel
Plugged fuel filter	Replace fuel filter
Cold engine	Open choke
Air filter dirty	Clean or replace the air filter

### *Electrical components do not function*

Fuse may have blown	Replace a fuse. Check inside the junction box beside valve table. A fuse is connected to electrical cables between the engine and valve table.
---------------------	--

### *The engine bogs down or is labouring*

Not enough power	Open the gate to unload more product. This allows the governor to torque and engage.
Hopper flashing too tight	It will wear in. Adjust to loosen the flashing if still tight after the conveyor has been broken-in.

### *Conveyor belt doesn't turn or is slipping*

Hopper flashing may be stuck to belt, because it is running dry and rubber is heating up	Turn off unit! Manually peel flashing up and off hopper. Then run dry product through to create barrier between flashing and belt
Conveyor belt loose	Tighten and align
Conveyor belt loose because it has stretched	Remove lacing, cut belt shorter and relace

continued on next page

*Conveyor belt doesn't turn or is slipping, continued*

Conveyor belt frozen to tube from operating in high humidity conditions in extreme cold	Remove conveyor from area of high humidity and continue to run empty so the belt dries prior to freezing
No power	Start engine, increase speed to maximum RPM
	Adjust hydraulic pressure
Seized bearing	Check all bearings, Replace any that are rough or seized
Belt/roller is jammed	Check for sticks, stones, other objects jammed in belt drive area and remove
Set screw (relief valve) on Dtent control valve on belt drive valve isn't set correctly	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Do not run hydraulic motor during this adjustment. Sweet spot is to turn the set screw all the way in, then turn back 1-1/2 turns. Turning back/out increases volume of flow, turning in increases pressure.
Hydraulic motor on drive roller may be damaged	Hydraulic motor may need to be replaced
<b>Oilseed Series:</b> Rollers and/or belt has buildup	Clean the scrapers, rollers and belt. Running dry product through conveyor can reduce buildup.

*Conveyor belt won't align*

Roller lagging may be worn	Replace roller or have it re-lagged
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*Conveyor Belt Fraying*

Belt not aligned	Align and adjust tension
------------------	--------------------------

*Product leakage*

	
Corner Flashing may not be cupping the roller tight enough	Loosen the Flashing Clamp, then adjust the rubber flashing so it is tight around the roller
Product may be getting under the belt at the hopper, traveling up inside the belt and leaking off delivery end	Replace hopper flashing

continued on next page

*Low capacity*

Conveyor belt not tight enough	Tighten conveyor belt
Conveyor belt not pinched enough	Inside drive box there is a drive roller and pinch roller. Be sure the belt is snug between both rollers.
Conveyor angle exceeds 30 degrees	Reposition with a lower tube slope

*Belt is slowing down*

Problem with 2 stage pump	Check flow of the pump. Check pump pressures. Replacement of entire pump may be needed.
---------------------------	---

*No hydraulic flow*

Hydraulic valve closed or plugged	Open hydraulic valve
	Check hydraulic pressures
	Clean or replace hydraulic valve
Hydraulic pressure may be low, check gauge. It should be 1000 - 1200 lb when empty, and in 2000 lb range when loaded.	Check hydraulic pump. Replace if necessary
Hydraulic pump may be damaged	Check hydraulic pump. Replace if necessary

*Drive wheels don't work*

Wheels may not be engaged	Remove retainer clip and engage drive mechanism
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*Steering axle keeps sinking to the ground*

Leak in check valve or cylinder	Replace cartridge in check valve, or replace seals in cylinder
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## Section 6: REFERENCE

For information not included here, or for a digital copy of this manual, please call your dealer, or Meridian Manufacturing Inc. directly for assistance: (800) 665-7259.

Specifications and measurements are subject to change without notice.

Table 1 - Specifications

MODEL	TYPE OF UNDERCARRIAGE	TUBE DIAMETER	BELT WIDTH	AXLE WIDTH	TRANSPORT HEIGHT	TRANSPORT LENGTH	GAS POWER	DIESEL POWER
1640-TL	A-Frame	10"	16"	8' 4"	9' 7"	43' 9"	40 hp	38.9 hp
1650-TL	A-Frame	10"	16"	8' 4"	11' 5"	53' 7"	40 hp	38.9 hp
1658-TL	A-Frame	10"	16"	8' 4"	12' 10"	60' 8"	40 hp	38.9 hp

Transport lengths are measured from end to end  
Transport heights use 19 inch hitch height

Table 2 - Working Measurements

MODEL	20°		25°		30°	
	DISCHARGE HEIGHT	LENGTH	DISCHARGE HEIGHT	LENGTH	DISCHARGE HEIGHT	LENGTH
1640-TL	10' 7"	40' 9"	14'	39' 10"	17' 4"	38' 4"
1650-TL	14' 5"	46'	18' 8"	44' 8"	22' 10"	43'
1658-TL	17'	53'	21' 10"	51' 6"	26' 7"	49' 6"

Working lengths are measured from centre of hopper to centre of discharge

### 6.1 BOLT TORQUE

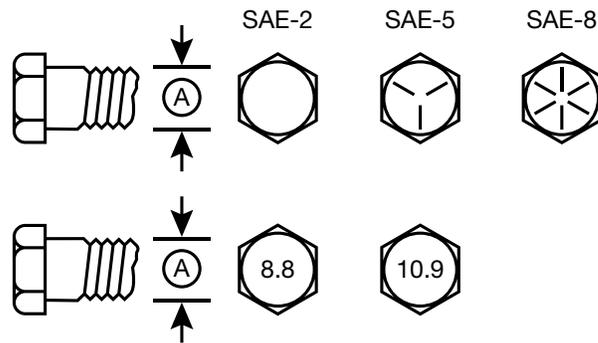
The tables shown below give correct torque values for various bolts and capscrews. Tighten all bolts to the torques specified in chart unless otherwise noted. Check tightness of bolts periodically, using bolt torque chart as a guide. Replace hardware with the same strength bolt.

Table 3 - English Torque Specifications

BOLT DIA. "A"	BOLT TORQUE*					
	SAE 2 (Nm) (ft-lb)		SAE 5 (Nm) (ft-lb)		SAE 8 (Nm) (ft-lb)	
1/4"	8	6	12	9	17	12
5/16"	13	10	25	19	36	27
3/8"	27	20	45	33	63	45
7/16"	41	30	72	53	100	75
1/2"	61	45	110	80	155	115
9/16"	95	60	155	115	220	165
5/8"	128	95	215	160	305	220
3/4"	225	165	390	290	540	400
7/8"	230	170	570	420	880	650
1"	345	225	850	630	1320	970

Table 4 - Metric Torque Specifications

BOLT DIA. "A"	BOLT TORQUE*			
	8.8 (Nm) (ft-lb)		10.9 (Nm) (ft-lb)	
M3	0.5	0.4	1.8	1.3
M4	3	2.2	4.5	3.3
M5	6	4	9	7
M6	10	7	15	11
M8	25	18	35	26
M10	50	37	70	52
M12	90	66	125	92
M14	140	103	200	148
M16	225	166	310	229
M20	435	321	610	450
M24	750	553	1050	774
M30	1495	1103	2100	1550
M36	2600	1917	3675	2710



Torque figures indicated above are valid for non-greased or non-oiled threads and heads unless otherwise specified. Therefore, do not grease or oil bolts or capscrews unless otherwise specified in this manual. When using locking elements, increase torque values by 5%.

\* Torque value for bolts and capscrews are identified by their head markings.

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# LIMITED WARRANTY STATEMENT

1. Meridian Manufacturing Inc, hereafter referred to as Meridian®, warrants each new product (the "Goods") to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of one (1) year or ninety (90) days in the case of commercial use, from the shipment date from the Meridian dealer (FCA).
2. Meridian warrants replacement parts and components either manufactured or sold by, will be free from defects in materials or workmanship under normal use and service for thirty (30) days from the shipment date from the Meridian dealer (FCA), or the remainder of the original warranty period on the Goods, whichever is longer.
3. This warranty does not apply to:
  - a. To any merchandise or components thereof, which in the sole and unfettered opinion of Meridian, have been subject to misuse, unauthorized modifications, alteration, accident, negligence, product abuse or lack of required maintenance.
  - b. If repairs have been made with parts or by persons other than those parts or persons approved by Meridian.
  - c. To parts and accessories not manufactured by Meridian including, but not limited to, engines, batteries, tires, belts, PTO shafts or other trade accessories. Such parts shall be covered by the warranty given by the actual manufacturer, if any.
  - d. To failure of parts; or failure of parts to perform due to wear under normal or excessive service conditions; or to failure due to use by the Purchaser for purposes other than originally intended at time of manufacture, including without limitation using the Goods for mixing fertilizer, etc.; or used in excess of the built specifications.
  - e. To Goods used in areas exposed to corrosive or aggressive conditions including, but not limited to, salt water from either inside or outside the Goods.
  - f. To failures or defects arising out of damage during shipment or during storage.
  - g. To materials replaced or repaired under this warranty, except to the extent of the remainder of the applicable warranty.
4. The obligation of Meridian under this warranty shall not arise unless Meridian is notified and this warranty is presented together with a written statement specifying the claim or defect within thirty (30) days after the failure is first detected or made known to the Purchaser and within: (i) one (1) year, or ninety (90) days in the case of commercial use; or (ii) thirty (30) days in the case of replacement parts and components manufactured by Meridian; from the shipment date from the Meridian dealer (FCA). Meridian in its sole and unfettered discretion shall determine if the claim is valid and whether correction of the defect or failure shall be made by repair or replacement of the materials.
5. Title to any replaced materials Meridian wishes to have pass to it, shall pass to Meridian.
6. The obligation of Meridian hereunder extends only to the original Purchaser or Buyer to whom the Goods were initially sold. This warranty shall not be subject to any assignment or transfer without the written consent of Meridian.
7. The purchaser acknowledges that it has made its own independent decision to approve the use of the Goods and also the specific fabrication and construction procedures utilized to complete the Goods, and has satisfied itself as to the suitability of these products for its use.

8. This warranty is subject to the following limitations, provisions and conditions:
  - a. Meridian shall have no liability hereunder for any claims, including field re-work.
  - b. Meridian shall not be liable for any incidental loss or damage, however caused, including, without limitation, normal wear and tear.
  - c. Meridian makes no express or implied warranties of any nature whatsoever except for such express warranties as set out herein. The warranty provided herein is in lieu of and excludes all other warranties, guarantees or conditions pertaining to the Goods, written or oral, statutory, express or implied, (except the warranty as to title) including any warranty as to the merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. Meridian expressly disclaims all other representations, conditions or warranties, expressed or implied, statutory or otherwise and any representations, warranties or conditions that may arise from a course of dealing or usage of trade. The warranty provided herein shall constitute Meridian's sole obligation and liability and the Purchaser's sole remedy for breach of warranty. No other warranty has been made by any employee, agent, or representative of Meridian and any statements contained in any other printed material of Meridian is expressly excluded here from. Meridian shall not be responsible for any warranty offered by the Purchaser to its customers with respect to the Goods and the Purchaser shall indemnify Meridian with respect to same if any of those customers makes a claim against Meridian relating to any such warranty.
  - d. Subject to Meridian's obligations contained in paragraphs 1 and 2 herein, none of Meridian, its officers, directors, servants or agents shall be liable, or responsible for any loss or damage (including strict liability and liability for loss or damage due to items which the manufacturing processes are designed to identify) whether such loss or damage is caused by negligence in any manner whatsoever (including gross negligence, error, misrepresentation, misstatement, imprudence, lack of skill or lack of judgement).
9. The sole financial obligation of Meridian under this warranty shall be limited to the repair or replacement of the Goods as originally supplied and in no event shall they exceed the original cost of the Goods supplied.
10. Meridian shall not have any obligation under any warranty herein until all accounts have been paid in full by the Purchaser.
11. The construction and interpretation of this Warranty shall be governed by the laws of the Province of Manitoba.

Register your product at: [www.meridianmfg.com](http://www.meridianmfg.com)  
For warranty information send an email to: [warranty@meridianmfg.com](mailto:warranty@meridianmfg.com)

## **WARRANTY REQUEST PROCEDURE**

1. The product must be registered with Meridian Manufacturing Inc.
2. The purchaser must contact the dealer, from where the unit was purchased, immediately upon discovery of any defects.
3. A completed Warranty Request (Claim) Form must be submitted by the dealer to Meridian's warranty representative for review and any subsequent course of action.
  - Warranty requests must be completed with ALL required information in order it to be considered for approval.
  - Send photographs of the entire piece of equipment, and of the specific area of concern.
4. Warranty repair work will only be performed by Meridian or an approved representative of Meridian. Warranty work completed prior to Meridian's approval will NOT be honoured. Failure to follow this procedure may affect any or all of this warranty.
5. All warranty requests will be adjudicated at the sole discretion of Meridian and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the warranty.

# **CONVEY-ALL<sup>®</sup>**

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